

AVANTHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY (Autonomous)

(Approved by A.I.C.T.E., New Delhi &Permanently Affiliated to JNTU-GV, Vizianagaram) NAAC Accredited with A+ grade Tamaram (V), Makavarapalem,Narsipatnam (RD), Anakapalle Dist,Pin-531113

# DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING

# ACADEMIC REGULATIONS

# COURSE STRUCTURE AND SYLLABUS

# For PG-R24

# M.Tech – POWER SYSTEMS

(Applicable for batches admitted from 2024-2025)



# AVANTHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY (Autonomous)

Tamaram (V), Makavarapalem, Narsipatnam (RD), Anakapalle Dist, Pin-531113



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# Academic Regulations (R24) for M.Tech (Regular) Degree Course

(Applicable for the students of M.Tech from the Academic Year 2024-2025 onwards)

# 1. ELIGIBILITY FOR ADMISSIONS

Admission to the above program shall be made subject to eligibility, qualification and specialization as prescribed by the Institute from time to time.

Admissions shall be made on the basis of merit/rank obtained by the candidates at the qualifying Entrance Test conducted by the Institute or on the basis of any other order of merit as approved by the Institute, subject to reservations as laid down by the Govt. from time to time.

# 2. AWARD OF M. Tech DEGREE

- a) A student shall be declared eligible for the award of the M.Tech Degree, if he pursues a course of study in not less than two and not more than four academic years.
- b) The student shall register for all 68 credits and secure all the 68 credits.
- c) The minimum instruction days in each semester are 90.

# **3. PROGRAMME OF STUDY**

The following specializations are offered at present for the M.Tech Programme of study.

# M.Tech

- 1. M.Tech- Computer Science & Engineering
- 2. M.Tech- Power Systems
- 3. M.Tech- Power Electronics
- 4. M.Tech- Digital Electronics and Communication Systems
- 5. M.Tech- VLSI Design

And any other course as approved by AICTE/University from time to time.

# 4. Departments offering M. Tech Programmes with specializations are noted below:

Department	Programme Code	Title
EEE	56	M.Tech- Power Systems

EEE	43	M.Tech- Power Electronics
ECE	38	M.Tech- Digital Electronics and Communication Systems
ECE	72	M.Tech - VLSI Design
CSE	58	M.Tech - Computer Science & Engineering

# 5. ATTENDANCE

- a) A student shall be eligible to write the examinations of the institute if he acquires a minimum of 75% of attendance in aggregate of all the subjects / courses, and with minimum 50% in each and every course including practicals.
- b) Condonation of shortage of attendance in aggregate up to 10% (65% and above and below 75%) in each semester shall be granted by the College Academic Committee.
- c) Shortage of Attendance **below** 65% in aggregate shall not be condoned and not eligible to write their end semester examination of that class.
- **d**) Students whose shortage of attendance is not condoned in any semester are not eligible to write their end semester examination of that class.
- e) A prescribed fee shall be payable towards condonation of shortage of attendance.
- f) A student shall not be promoted to the next semester unless he satisfies the attendance requirement of the present semester, as applicable. They may seek re-admission into that semester when offered next. If any candidate fulfills the attendance requirement in the present semester, he shall not be eligible for re-admission into the same class.

# 6. EVALUATION

The performance of the candidate in each semester shall be evaluated subject-wise, with a maximum of 100 marks for theory and 100 marks for practical, on the basis of InternalEvaluation and End Semester Examination.

a) For the theory subjects 75 marks shall be awarded based on the performance in the End Semester Examination and 25 marks shall be awarded based on the Internal Evaluation. The internal evaluation shall be made based on the average of the marks secured in the two Mid Term-Examinations conducted-one in the middle of the Semester and the other immediately after the completion of instruction. Each midterm examination shall be conducted for a total duration of 120 minutes with 4 questions (without choice) each question for 10 marks, and it will be reduced to 25 marks. End semester examination is conducted for 75 marks for all FIVE (5) questions (one question from one unit) to be answered (either or).

- b) For practical subjects, 75 marks shall be awarded based on the performance in the End Semester Examinations and 25 marks shall be awarded based on the day-to-day performance as Internal Marks. The internal evaluation based on the day to day work-5 marks, record- 5 marks and the remaining 15 marks to be awarded by conducting an internal laboratory test. The end examination shall be conducted by the examiners, with a breakup mark of Procedure-20, Experimentation-30, Results-10, and Viva-voce-15.
- c) For Mini Project with Seminar, a student under the supervision of a faculty member, shall collect the literature on a topic and critically review the literature and submit it to the department in a report form and shall make an oral presentation before the Project Review Committee consisting of Head of the Department, supervisor / mentor and two other senior faculty members of the department. For Mini Project with Seminar, there will be only internal evaluation of 100 marks. A candidate has to secure a minimum of 50% of marks to be declared successful.
- d) A candidate shall be deemed to have secured the minimum academic requirement in a subject if he secures a minimum of 40% of marks in the End semester Examination and a minimum aggregate of 50% of the total marks in the End Semester Examination and Internal Evaluation taken together.
- e) In case the candidate does not secure the minimum academic requirement in any subject (as specified in 5.4) he has to re-appear for the End semester Examination in that subject. A candidate shall be given one chance to re-register for each subject provided, the internal marks secured by a candidate are less than 50% and has failed in the end examination. In such a case, the candidate must re-register for the subject(s) and secure the required minimum attendance. The candidate's attendance in the re-registered subject(s) shall be calculated separately to decide upon his eligibility for writing the end examination in those subject(s). In the event of the student taking another chance, his internal marks and end examination marks obtained in the previous attempt shall stand cancelled. For re-registration, the candidates have to apply to the college by paying the requisite fees and get approval from the institute before the start of the semester in which re-registration is required.
- f) In case the candidate secures less than the required attendance in any re-registered subject(s), he shall not be permitted to write the End Examination in that subject. He shall again re-register the subject when next offered.
- **g**) Laboratory examination for M. Tech. courses must be conducted with two Examiners, one of them being the Laboratory Class Teacher or teacher of the respective college and the

second examiner shall be appointed by the institute from the panel of examiners submitted by the respective departments.

# 7. EVALUATION OF PROJECT/DISSERTATION WORK

Every candidate shall be required to submit a thesis or dissertation on a topic approved by the Project Review Committee.

- a) A Project Review Committee (PRC) shall be constituted with Head of the Department and two other senior faculty members in the department.
- b) Registration of Dissertation/ Project Work: A candidate is permitted to register for the project work after satisfying the attendance requirement of all the subjects, both theory and practical.
- c) After satisfying 6.2, a candidate has to submit, in consultation with his project supervisor, the title, objective and plan of action of his project work for approval. The student can initiate the Project work, only after obtaining the approval from the Project Review Committee (PRC).
- d) If a candidate wishes to change his supervisor or topic of the project, he can do so with the approval of the Project Review Committee (PRC). However, the PRC shall examine whether or not to change the topic/supervisor leads to a major change in initial plans of project proposal. If yes, his date of registration for the project work starts from the date of change of Supervisor or topic as the case may be.
- e) Continuous assessment of Dissertation-I and Dissertation-II during the Semester(s) will be monitored by the PRC.
- A candidate shall submit his status report in two stages to the PRC, at least with a gap of 3 months between them.
- g) The work on the project shall be initiated at the beginning of the II year and the duration of the project is two semesters. A candidate is permitted to submit Project Thesis only after successful completion of theory and practical course with the approval of PRC not earlier than 40 weeks from the date of registration of the project work. The candidate has to pass all the theory and practical subjects before submission of the Thesis.
- h) Three copies of the Project Thesis certified by the supervisor shall be submitted to the College/School/Institute.
- i) The thesis shall be adjudicated by one examiner selected by the institute. For this, the Principal of the College shall submit a panel of 5 examiners, eminent in that field, with the help of the guide concerned and head of the department.
- **j**) If the report of the examiner is not favorable, the candidate shall revise and resubmit the Thesis, in the time frame as decided by the PRC. If the report of the examiner is

unfavorable again, the thesis shall be summarily rejected. The candidates have to reregistered for the project and complete the project within the stipulated time after taking the approval from the Institute.

- k) The Head of the Department shall coordinate and make arrangements for the conduct of Viva-Voce examination.
- I) If the report of the examiner is favorable, Viva-Voce examination shall be conducted by a board consisting of the Supervisor, Head of the Department and the examiner who adjudicated the Thesis. The Board shall jointly report the candidate's work for a maximum of 100 marks as one of the following:
  - I. Excellent
  - II. Good
  - III. Satisfactory
  - IV. Unsatisfactory
- m) If the report of the Viva-Voce is unsatisfactory (ie, < 50 marks), the candidate shall retake the Viva- Voce examination only after three months. If he fails to get a satisfactory report at the second Viva-Voce examination, the candidate has to re-register for the project and complete the project within the stipulated time after taking the approval from the college.

# 8. Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA)

As measure of the student's performance, a 10-point Absolute Grading System using the following Letter Grades and corresponding percentage of marks shall be followed: After each course is evaluated for 100 marks, the marks obtained in each course will be converted to a corresponding letter grade as given below, depending on the range in which the marks obtained by the student fall.

#### **Structure of Grading of Academic Performance**

Marks Range Theory/ Laboratory (Max – 100)	Marks Range Mini Project/ Project Work or Dissertation (Max – 100)	Letter Grade	Level	Grade Point
$\geq 90$	≥90	S	Superior	10
$\geq 80$ to $< 90$	$\geq 80$ to $< 90$	А	Excellent	9
$\geq$ 70 to <80	$\geq$ 70 to <80	В	Very Good	8
$\geq 60$ to <70	$\geq 60$ to $< 70$	С	Good	7
$\geq$ 50 to <60	$\geq$ 50 to <60	D	Average	6
<50	<50	F	Fail	0
		AB	Absent	0

- i) A student obtaining Grade "F" or Grade "Ab" in a subject shall be considered failed and will be required to reappear for that subject when it is offered the next supplementary examination.
- ii) For non-credit audit courses, "Satisfactory" or "Unsatisfactory" shall be indicated instead of the letter grade and this will not be counted for the computation of SGPA/ CGPA / Percentage.

# Computation of Semester Grade Point Average (SGPA) and Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA):

SGPA: The Semester Grade Point Average (SGPA) is the ratio of sum of the product of the number of credits with the grade points scored by a student in all the courses taken by a student and the sum of the number of credits of all the courses under gone by a student, i.e.,

# SGPA= $\Sigma$ (Ci×Gi) / $\Sigma$ Ci

Where, Ci is the number of credits of the i<sup>th</sup> subject and Gi is the grade point scored by the student in the i<sup>th</sup> course.

CGPA: The Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA) will be computed in the same manner considering all the courses under gone by a student over all the semesters of a program, i.e.

# $CGPA=\Sigma (Ci \times Si) / \Sigma Ci$

Where "Si" is the SGPA of the i<sup>th</sup> semester and Ci is the total number of credits up to that semester.

Both SGPA and CGPA shall be rounded off to 2 decimal points and reported in the transcripts. While computing the SGPA the subjects in whom the student is awarded Zero grade points will also be included.

# Equivalent Percentage = (CGPA-0.75)\*10

Grade Point: It is a numerical weight allotted to each letter grade on a 10-point scale. Letter Grade: It is an index of the performance of students in a said course. Grades are denoted by the letters S, A, B, C, D and F.

# 9. AWARD OF DEGREE AND CLASS

After a student has satisfied the requirements prescribed for the completion of the program and is eligible for the award of M. Tech. Degree he shall be placed in one of the followingfour classes:

Class Awarded	CGPA to be secured	
First Class with Distinction	≥ 7.75 (Without any supplementary appearance)	
First Class	≥ 7.75 (With any supplementary appearance) ≥ 6.75 and < 7.75 (Without any	From the CGPA secured from 68 Credits.

	supplementary appearance)
Second Class	<ul> <li>≥ 6.75 and &lt; 7.75 (With any supplementary appearance)</li> <li>≥ 6.0 to &lt; 6.75 (Without any supplementary appearance)</li> </ul>
Pass Class	$\geq$ 6.0 to < 6.75 (With any supplementary appearance)

The Grades secured, Grade points and Credits obtained will be shown separately in the memorandum of marks.

# **10. WITH HOLDING OF RESULTS**

If the student is involved in indiscipline/malpractices/court cases, the result of the student will be withheld.

# 11. TRANSITORY REGULATIONS (For R24)

- a) Discontinued or detained candidates are eligible for re-admission into same or equivalent subjects at a time as and when offered.
- b) The candidate who fails in any subject will be given two chances to pass the same subject; otherwise, he has to identify an equivalent subject as per R19 (JNTUK) academic regulations.

# **12. GENERAL**

- a) Wherever the words "he", "him", "his", occur in the regulations, they include "she", "her", "hers".
- b) The academic regulation should be read as a whole for the purpose of any interpretation.
- c) In the case of any doubt or ambiguity in the interpretation of the above rules, the decision of the Principal / Dean-Academics of the institution is final.
- d) The Institute may change or amend the academic regulations or syllabi at any time and the changes or amendments made shall be applicable to all the students with effect from the dates notified by the Institute.

# MALPRACTICES RULES

# DISCIPLINARY ACTION FOR / IMPROPER CONDUCT IN EXAMINATIONS

S.No	Nature of Malpractices / Improper conduct	Punishment
	If the candidate:	
1	<ul> <li>(a) Possesses or keeps accessible in examination hall, any paper, note book, programmable calculators, Cell phones, pager, palm computers or any other form</li> </ul>	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject only of all the candidates involved. In case of anoutsider, he will be handed over

	of material concerned with or related to	to the police and a case is registered against
	the subject of the examination (theory or practical) in which he is appearing but	him.
	has not made use of (material shall	
	include any marks on the body of the	
	candidate which can be used as an aid in	
	the subject of the examination)	
	(b) Gives assistance or guidance or receivesit	
	from any other candidate orally or by any	
	other body language methods or	
	any candidate or persons in or outside the	
	exam hall in respect of any matter.	
	Has copied in the examination hall from any	Expulsion from the examination hall and
	paper, book, programmable calculators, palm	cancellation of the performance in that
	computers or any other form of material	subject and all other subjects the candidate
	relevant to the subject of the examination	has already appeared including practical
2	(theory or practical) in which the candidate is	examinations and project work and shall
	appearing.	remaining examinations of the subjects of
		that Semester/vear.
		The Hall Ticket of the candidate is to be
		cancelled and sent to the University.
	Impersonates any other candidate in	The candidate who has impersonated shall
	connection with the examination.	be expelled from examination hall. The
		candidate is also debarred and forfeits the
		candidate who has been impersonated
		shall be cancelled in all the subjects of the
		examination (including practical's and
		project work) already appeared and shall
		not be allowed to appear for examinations
3		of the remaining subjects of that
		semester/year. The candidate is also
		from class work and all External
		examinations. The continuation of the
		course by the candidate is subject to
		the academic regulations in connection
		with forfeiture of seat. If the imposter is an
		outsider, he will be handed over to the
		police and a case is registered against him.
4	Smuggles in the Answer book or additional	Expulsion from the examination hall and

	sheet or takes out or arranges to send out the question paper during the examination or answer book or additional sheet, during or after the examination.	cancellation of performance in that subject and all the other subjects the candidate has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year. The candidate is also debarred for two consecutive semesters from class work and all External examinations. The continuation of the course by the candidate is subject to the academic regulations in connection with forfeiture of seat.
5	Uses objectionable, abusive or offensive language in the answer paper or in letters to the examiners or writes to the examiner requesting him to award pass marks.	Cancellation of the performance in that subject.
6	Refuses to obey the orders of the Chief Superintendent/Assistant–Superintendent/ any officer on duty or misbehaves or creates disturbance of any kind in and around the examination hall or organizes a walk out or instigates others to walk out, or threatens the officer-in charge or any person on duty in or outside the examination hall of any injury to his person or to any of his relations whether by words, either spoken or written or by signs or by visible representation, assaults the officer-in-charge, or any person on duty in or outside the examination hall or any of his relations, or indulges in any other act of misconduct or mischief which result in damage to or destruction of property in the examination hall or any part of the College campus or engages in any other act which in the opinion of the officer on duty amounts to use of unfair means or misconduct or has the tendency to disrupt the orderly conduct of the examination.	In case of students of the college, they shall be expelled from examination halls and cancellation of their performance in that subject and all other subjects the candidate(s) has (have) already appeared and shall not be permitted to appear for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year. The candidates also are debarred and forfeit their seats. In case of outsiders, they will be handed over to the police and a police case is registered against them.
7	Leaves the exam hall taking away answer script or intentionally tears of the script or any part thereof inside or outside the examination hall.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of performance in that subject and all the other subjects the candidate has already appeared including practical examinations and project work

		and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year. The candidate is also debarred for two consecutive semesters from class work and all External examinations. The continuation of the course by the candidate is subject to the Academic regulations in connection with forfeiture of seat.
8	Possess any lethal weapon or firearm in the examination hall.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the candidate has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year. The candidate is also debarred and forfeits the seat.
9	If student of the college, who is not a candidate for the particular examination or any person not connected with the college indulges in any malpractice or improper conduct mentioned in clause 6 to 8.	Student of the colleges expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the candidate has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester/year. The candidate is also debarred and forfeits the seat. Person(s) who do not belong to the College will be handed over to police and, a police case will be registered against them.
10	Comes in a drunken condition to the examination hall.	Expulsion from the examination hall and cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the candidate has already appeared including practical examinations and project work and shall not be permitted for the remaining examinations of the subjects of that semester / year.
11	Copying detected on the basis of internal evidence, such as, during valuation or during special scrutiny.	Cancellation of the performance in that subject and all other subjects the candidate has appeared including practical examinations and project work of that semester/year examinations.

12	If any malpractice is detected which is not covered in the above clauses 1 to 11 shall be	
	reported to the Institute for further action to	
	award suitable punishment	

# Malpractices identified by squad or special invigilators

- 1. Punishments to the candidates as per the above guidelines.
- 2. Punishment for institutions : (if the squad reports that the college is also involved in encouraging malpractices)
  - (i) A show cause notice shall be issued to the college.
  - (ii) Impose a suitable fine on the college.
  - (iii) Shifting the examination centre from the college to another college for a specific period of not less than one year.

# Seminar/ comprehensive vivo evaluation

There shall be two seminar presentations during III semester and IV semester. For seminar, a student under the supervision of a faculty member, shall collect the literature on a topic and critically review the literature and submit it to the department in a report form and shall make an oral presentation before the Project Review Committee consisting of Head of the Department, Supervisor and two other senior faculty members of the department. For each Seminar there will be only internal evaluation of 50 marks. A candidate has to secure a minimum of 50% of marks to be declared successful.

(a) For I<sup>st</sup> & II<sup>nd</sup> semesters Seminar 100 marks are allotted for each, which shall be awarded based on the performance of the student on the selected advanced topic which is subdivided as follows.

Marks for assignment		20
Marks for Power Point Presentation		60
Marks for viva voce (Orals)	-	20
Total marks	-	100

(b) There shall be two seminar presentations during III semester and IV semester. For seminar, a student under the supervision of a faculty member, shall collect the literature on a topic and critically review the literature and submit it to the department in a report form and shall make an oral presentation before the Project Review Committee (PRC) consisting of Head of the Department, Supervisor and two other senior faculty members of the department. For each Seminar there will be only internal evaluation of 50 marks. A candidate has to secure a minimum of 50% of marks to be declared successful.

(**Dr. R Prasad Rao**) Dean(Academics) & Member Secretary (AC) (Dr.C P V N J Mohan Rao) Chairman Academic Council



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# DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING Program: M.Tech- PS Regulation R24

# I Year I Semester- Course Structure

C No	Category	Course Code	Course Name		Hours per V		Week	
<b>3.</b> 1N0		Course Code			Т	Р	С	
1	PC	2456PC01	Power System Operation & Control	3	0	0	3	
2	PC	2456PC02	Analysis of Power Electronic Converters	3	0	0	3	
			Program Elective-I					
		2456PE01.1	1. Electrical Distribution Automation					
3	PE I	2456PE01.2	2. Control and Integration of Renewable Energy sources	3	0	0	3	
U U		2456PE01.3	3. Power System Deregulation		Ū	Ū	c	
			Program Elective-II					
	PE II	2456PE02.1	1. HVDC Transmission					
1		2456PE02.2	2. Digital Power Systems Protection	2	0	0	2	
4		2456PE02.3	3. Power System Reliability	5	0	0	5	
5	PC	2456PC03	Power System Simulation Laboratory – I	0	0	4	2	
6	PC	2456PC04	Power Systems Lab	0	0	4	2	
7	MC	24MTMC01	Research Methodology and IPR	2	0	0	2	
			Audit Course – 1					
8	AC	24MTAC01.1	1.English for Research paper writing	2	0	0	0	
		24MTAC01.2	2.Disaster Management					
			Total	16	0	8	18	

Category	Courses	Credits
PC-Program Core Courses	4	10
PE-Program Elective Courses	2	6
MC-Mandatory Courses	1	2
AC- Audit Courses	1	0
Total	8	18

# DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING Program: M.Tech-PS Regulation R24

C N	C (		Course Name		ours j	per W	'eek
S.No	Category	Course Code			Т	Р	С
1	PC	2456PC05	Power System Dynamics and Stability	3	0	0	3
2	PC	2456PC06	Real Time Control of Power Systems	3	0	0	3
			Program Elective-III				
		2456PE03.1	1. EHVAC Transmission	3	0	0	3
2		2456PE03.2	2. Flexible AC Transmission Systems				
3	PE-III	2456PE03.3	3. Electric Vehicles & Design				
			<b>Program Elective-IV</b>				
		2456PE04.1	1. Generation & Measurement of High Voltages	3	0	0	3
4	PE-IV	2456PE04.2	2. Evolutionary Algorithms and Applications				
		2456PE04.3	3. Programmable Logic Controllers &				
			Applications	L			
5	PC	2456PC07	Power System Simulation Laboratory – II	0	0	4	2
6	PC	2456PC08	Power Converters Laboratory	0	0	4	2
7	PR	2456PR01	Mini Project with Seminar	0	0	4	2
			Audit Course – 2				
8	AC	24MTAC02.1	1.Constitution of India	2	0	0	0
		24MTAC02.2	2.Value of Education				
			Total	14	0	12	18

# I Year II Semester- Course Structure

Category	Courses	Credits
PC-Program Core Courses	4	10
PE-Program Elective Courses	2	6
PR-Mini Project	1	2
AC- Audit Course	1	0
Total	8	18

# POWER SYSTEM OPERATION & CONTROL I M.TECH- I SEMESTER

Course Title: Power System & Operation	Course Code: 2456PC01
Teaching Scheme (L:T:P): 3:0:0	Credits: 3
Type of Course: Lecture	
Continuous Internal Evaluation: 25 Marks	Semester End Exam: 75 Marks
Pre requisites: power generation and power systems	

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- 1. To study the unit commitment problem for economic load dispatch.
- 2. To study the load frequency control of single area and two area systems with and without control.
- 3. To study the effect of generation with limited energy supply.
- 4. To study the effectiveness of interchange evaluation in interconnected power systems.

## **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

CO#	Course Outcomes
CO1	Determine the unit commitmentproblem for economic load dispatch
CO2	Explain the need of keeping frequency constant and design the block diagram for single area control
CO3	Analyze two –area load frequency control in controlled and uncontrolled cases
CO4	Analyze the generation with limited energy supply
CO5	Determine the interchange evaluation in interconnected power systems

# COURSE CONTENT (SYLLABUS)

#### UNIT -I:

Unit commitment problem and optimal power flow solution: Unit commitment: Constraints in UCP, UC solution methods. Priority list method, introduction to Dynamic programming Approach.

Optimal power flow: OPF without inequality constraints, inequality constraints on control variables and dependent variables.

# Self-Learning Topics: Shut Down Rule

# UNIT-II:

Single area Load Frequency Control: Necessity of keeping frequency constant. Definition of control area, single area control, Block diagram representation of an isolated Power System,

Steady State analysis, Dynamic Response-Uncontrolled case. Proportional plus Integral control of single area and its block diagram representation, steady state response.

#### Self-Learning Topics: Mathematical Modeling of LFC

#### UNIT-III:

Two area Load Frequency Control: Load frequency control of two-area system, uncontrolled case and controlled case, tie-line bias control, steady state representation. Optimal two-area L control- performance Index and optimal parameter adjustment. Load frequency control and Economic dispatch control.

#### Self-Learning Topics: Two Area Block Diagram

#### UNIT-IV:

Generation with limited Energy supply: Take-or-pay fuel supply contract, composite generation production cost function. Solution by gradient search techniques, Hard limits and slack variables, Fuel scheduling by linear programming.

#### Self-Learning Topics: Cost Function for Power Generation

#### UNIT-V:

Interchange Evaluation and Power Pools Economy Interchange: Economy interchange Evaluation, Interchange Evaluation with unit commitment, Multiple Interchange transactions, other types of Interchange, power pools, transmission effects and issues.

#### **Self-Learning Topics: Power Pools**

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Power Generation, Operation and Control - by A.J.Wood and F.Wollenberg, John wiley& sonsInc. 1984.

2.Modern Power System Analysis - by I.J.Nagrath & D.P.Kothari, Tata McGraw-Hill PublishingCompany ltd, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition.

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1. Power system operation and control PSR Murthy B.S publication.

2. Electrical Energy Systems Theory - by O.I.Elgerd, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company Ltd,2<sup>nd</sup> edition.

3. Reactive Power Control in Electric Systems - by TJE Miller, John Wiley & sons.

#### **ONLINE RESOURCES:**

- 1. https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/108/104/108104052/
- 2. https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/108/101/108101040/#

I WI.I ECHI- I SEIVIESIEK		
Course Title: Analysis Of Power Electronic	Course Code: 2456PC02	
Converters		
Teaching Scheme (L:T:P): 3:0:0	Credits: 3	
Type of Course: Lecture		
Continuous Internal Evaluation: 25 Marks	Semester End Exam: 75 Marks	
Pre requisites: power electronics		

#### ANALYSIS OF POWER ELECTRONIC CONVERTERS I M TECH- I SEMESTED

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- 1. To understand the control principle of ac-to-ac conversion with suitable power semi Conductor devices.
- 2. To have the knowledge of ac to dc conversion and different ac to dc converter topologies.
- 3. To understand the effect of operation of controlled rectifiers on p.f. and improvement of p.f. with PFC converters
- 4. To acquire the knowledge on dc-ac converters and to know the different control Techniques of dc-ac converters.
- 5. To know multilevel inverter configuration to improve the quality of the inverter output Voltage

CO#	Course Outcomes
CO1	Describe and analyze theoperation of AC-DC converters
CO2	Analyze the operation of power factor correction converters.
CO3	Analyze the operation of
	three phase inverters with PWM control
CO4	Study the principles of operation of multi-level inverters and their applications.
CO5	Describe and analyze theoperation of AC-DC converters

## **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

# **COURSE CONTENT (SYLLABUS)**

#### UNIT -I:

Overview of Switching Devices: Power MOSFET, IGBT, GTO, GaN devices-static and dynamic characteristics, gate drive circuitsfor Switching devices. Self-Learning Topics: Thyristor Protection

#### **UNIT-II:**

**AC-DC converters:**Single phase fully controlled converters with RL load– Evaluation of input power Factor and harmonic factor- Continuous and Discontinuous load current, Power factor Improvements, Extinction angle control, symmetrical angle control, PWM control. Three Phase

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AC-DC Converters, fully Controlled converters feeding RL load with continuous and discontinuous load current, Evaluation of input power factor and harmonic factor-three phase dual converters.

#### Self-Learning Topics: Speed control of AC motors

#### UNIT-III:

**Power Factor Correction Converters:** Single-phase single stage boost power factor corrected rectifier, Power circuit principle of operation, and steady state- analysis, three phase boost PFC converter

#### **Self-Learning Topics: Reactive power**

## UNIT-IV:

**PWM Inverters:** Principle of operation-Voltage control of single-phase inverters – sinusoidal PWM –Modified PWM – phase displacement Control – Trapezoidal, staircase, stepped, harmonic injection and Delta modulation. Voltage Control of Three-Phase Inverters- Sinusoidal PWM- 60° PWM- Third Harmonic PWM- Space Vector Modulation- Comparison of PWM Techniques- Three phase current source inverters-Variable dc link inverter. **Self-Learning Topics: Filters** 

## UNIT-V:

**Multi-level inverters:** Introduction, Multilevel Concept, Types of Multilevel Inverters- Diode-Clamped Multilevel Inverter, Principle of Operation, Features of Diode-Clamped Inverter, Improved Diode-Clamped Inverter- Flying-Capacitors Multilevel Inverter- Principle of Operation, Features of Flying-Capacitors Inverter- Cascaded Multilevel Inverter- Principle of Operation- Features of Cascaded Inverter-Switching Device Currents-DC-Link Capacitor Voltage Balancing- Features of Multilevel Inverters-Comparisons of Multilevel Converters. **Self-Learning Topics: CSI, VSI** 

#### **TEXTBOOKS:**

- 1 Power Electronics: Converters, Applications, and Design- Ned Mohan, Tore M.
- 2 Undeland, William P. Robbins, John Wiley& Sons, 2nd Edition, 2003.
- 3 Power Electronics-Md.H.Rashid –Pearson Education Third Edition- First IndianReprint-2008.

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1. Power Electronics Daniel W. Hart McGraw-Hill, 2011.
- 2. Elements of Power Electronics Philip T. Krein, Oxford University press, 2014.
- 3. Power converters Circuits William Shepherd & Li Zhang-Yes Dee CRC Press, 2004

#### **ONLINE RESOURCES:**

- 1. https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc23\_ee81/preview
- 2. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/108104139
- 3. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/108106172
- 4. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/11710610

#### **ELECTRICAL DISTRIBUTION AUTOMATION I M.TECH- I SEMESTER**

Course Title: Electrical Distribution Automation	Course Code: 2456PE01.1
Teaching Scheme (L:T:P): 3:0:0	Credits: 3
Type of Course: Lecture	
Continuous Internal Evaluation: 25 Marks	Semester End Exam: 75 Marks
Pre requisites: different loads in power systems	

# **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- 1. To learn the importance of economic distribution of electrical energy.
- 2. To analyze the distribution networks for V-drops, PLosscalculations and reactive power.
- 3. To understand the co-ordination of protection devices.
- 4. To impart knowledge of capacitive compensation/voltage control.
- 5. To understand the principles of voltage control.

## **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

CO#	Course Outcomes
CO1	Analyze a type of distributionsystem.
CO2	Design the types of distribution feeders and their loading effects
CO3	Identify the protective systems and their co-ordination
CO4	Improve power factor bycapacitive compensation.
CO5	Understand about the Distribution automation

# **COURSE CONTENT (SYLLABUS)**

#### UNIT -I:

General: Introduction to Distribution systems, an overview of the role of computers in distribution system planning-Load modelling and characteristics - definition of basic terms like demand factor, utilization factor, load factor, plant factor, diversity factor, coincidence factor, contribution factor and loss factor-Relationship between the load factor and loss factor -Classification of loads (Residential, Commercial, Agricultural and Industrial) and their characteristics.

#### Self-Learning Topics: Classification of Loads

#### UNIT-II:

Distribution Feeders and Substations: Design consideration of Distribution feeders: Radial and loop types of primary feeders, voltage levels, and feeder-loading. Design practice of the secondary distribution system. Location of Substations: Rating of a Distribution Substation, service area with 'n' primary feeders. Benefits derived through optimal location of substations. **Self-Learning Topics: Substation types** 

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#### UNIT-III:

Protective devices and coordination: Objectives of distribution system protection, types of common faults and procedure for fault calculation. Protective Devices: Principle of operation of fuses, circuitreclosers, line sectionalizer and circuit breakers. Coordination of protective devices: General coordination procedure; types of coordination.

#### Self-Learning Topics: Different Types of Protection systems in Power system

#### UNIT-IV:

Capacitive compensation for power factor control: Different types of power capacitors, shunt and series capacitors, effect of shunt capacitors (Fixed and switched), power factor correction, capacitor location. Economic justification. Procedure to determine the best capacitor location. Voltage control: Equipment for voltage control, effect of series capacitors, effect of AVB/AVR, line drop compensation.

#### Self-Learning Topics: Reactive Power compensation

#### UNIT-V:

Distribution automation functions: Electrical system automation, EMS functional scope, DMS functional scope functionality of DMS- Steady state and dynamic performance improvement; Geographic information systems- AM/FM functions and Database management; communication options, supervisory control and data acquisition: SCADA functions and system architecture; Synchro phasors and its application in power systems.

#### **Self-Learning Topics: Automation systems**

#### **TEXTBOOKS:**

1. "Electric Power Distribution System Engineering " by Turan Gonen, McGraw-Hill BookCompany, 1986.

2. Distribution System Analysis and Automation, by Juan M. Gers, The Institution of Engineering and Technology, UK 2014.

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1. Electric Power Distribution-by A.S.Pabla, Tata McGraw-Hill Publishing Company,4<sup>th</sup>edition,1997.

2. Electrical Distribution V.Kamaraju-McGraw Hill

3. Handbook of Electrical Power Distribution - Gorti Ramamurthy-Universities press

#### **ONLINE RESOURCES:**

1. <u>https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/108/107/108107112/</u> https://onlinecourses.nptel.ac.in/noc22\_ee35/preview

#### CONTROL AND INTEGRATION OF RENEWABLE ENERGY SOURCES I M.TECH- I SEMESTER

Course Title: Control And Integration Of Renewable Energy Sources	Course Code: 2456PE01.2
Teaching Scheme (L:T:P): 3:0:0	Credits: 3
Type of Course: Lecture	
Continuous Internal Evaluation: 25 Marks	Semester End Exam: 75 Marks
Pre requisites: renewable energy sources	

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- 1. Understand different renewable energy sources and storage devices.
- 2. Model and simulate renewable energy sources.
- 3. Analyze and simulate control strategies for grid connected and off-grid systems
- 4. Develop converters to comply with grid standards to obtain grid integration.

# **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

CO#	Course Outcomes
CO1	Understand state estimation, security and contingency evaluation
CO2	Analyze the performance characteristics of various dynamic energy conversion technologies, including their efficiency, power output, and operational limits.
CO3	Utilize simulation softwareand modeling tools to predict the behavior and performance of static energy conversion systems under various conditions.
CO4	Design control systems for various applications, considering constraints such as noise, delays, and nonlinearity.
CO5	Understand operation & control of hybrid energy systems and various standards, codes.

#### UNIT -I:

# COURSE CONTENT (SYLLABUS)

**Introduction:** Electric grid, Utility ideal features, Supply guarantee, power quality, Stability and cost; Importance & Effects of Renewable Energy penetration into the grid, Boundaries of the actual grid configuration, Consumption models and patterns.

#### Self-Learning Topics: Renewable Energy Sources

#### UNIT-II:

**Dynamic Energy Conversion Technologies:** Introduction, types of conventional and nonconventional dynamic generation technologies, principle of operation and analysis of reciprocating engines, gas and micro turbines, hydro and wind based generation technologies **Self-Learning Topics: Types of Turbines** 

UNIT-III: Static Energy Conversion Technologies: Introduction, types of conventional and

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nonconventional static generation technologies; Principle of operation and analysis of fuel cell, photovoltaic systems and wind generation technologies; MPPT techniques and its classifications, principle of operation and partial shading effects; Storage Technologies - batteries, fly wheels, super capacitors and ultra-capacitors.

#### **Self-Learning Topics: Solar modules**

#### UNIT-IV:

**Control Issues and Challenges:** Linear and nonlinear controllers, predictive controllers and adaptive controllers, Load frequency and Voltage Control, PLL, Modulation Techniques, Control of Diesel, PV, wind and fuel cell based generators, Dimensioning of filters, Fault-ride through Capabilities.

#### **Self-Learning Topics: basics of control systems**

#### UNIT-V:

**Integration of Energy Conversion Technologies:** Introduction & importance, sizing, Optimized integrated systems, Interfacing requirements, Distributed versus Centralized Control, Grid connected Photovoltaic systems –classifications, operation, merits & demerits; Islanding Operations, stability and protection issues, load sharing, operation & control of hybrid energy systems, Solar Photovoltaic applications. IEEE & IEC Codes and standards for renewable energy grid integrations.

#### Self-Learning Topics: ON-Grid & Off-Grid solar systems

#### **TEXTBOOKS:**

- 1.Renewable and Efficient Electric Power Systems, G. Masters, IEEE-John Wiley and Sons Ltd. Publishers, 2013,2nd Edition.
- 2. Microgrids and Active Distribution Networks, S. Chowdhury, S. P. Chowdhury, P. Crossley, IET Power Electronics Series, 2012.
- 3.Integration and Control of Renewable Energy in Electric Power System, Ali Keyhani Mohammad Marwali, Min Dai, John Wiley publishing company, 2010, 2<sup>nd</sup>Edition.

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1. Solar Photovoltaic: Fundamentals, technologies & Applications, Chetan SinghSolanki, PHIPublishers, 2019, 3<sup>rd</sup> Edition.
- 2. Solar PV Power: Design, Manufacturing and Applications from Sand to Systems, RabindraKumar Satpathy, Venkateswarlu Parmuru, Academic Press, 2020.
- 3. Control of Power Inverters in Renewable Energy and Smart Grid Integration, Quing-ChangZhong, IEEE-John Wiley and Sons Ltd. Publishers, 2013,1st Edition.
- 4. Power Conversion and Control of Wind Energy Systems, Bin Wu, Yongqiang Lang, NavidZargari, IEEE- John Wiley and Sons Ltd. Publishers,2011,1st Edition.
- 5. Report on "Large Scale Grid Integration of Renewable Energy Sources WayForward" Central Electricity Authority, GoI, 2013.

#### **ONLINE RESOURCES:**

- 1. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/108/102/108102145/
- 2. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/103/103/103103206/

#### POWER SYSTEM DEREGULATION **I M.TECH- I SEMESTER**

Course Title: Power System Deregulation	Course Code: 2456PE01.3
Teaching Scheme (L:T:P): 3:0:0	Credits: 3
Type of Course: Lecture	
Continuous Internal Evaluation: 25 Marks	Semester End Exam: 75 Marks
Pre requisites: power systems	

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- 1. To provide in-depth understanding of operation of deregulated electricity market systems.
- 2. To examine typical issues in electricity markets and how these are handled worldw ide invarious markets.
- 3. To enable students to analyze various types of electricity market operational and control issuesusing new mathematical models.

# **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

CO#	Course Outcomes
CO1	Understand of operation of deregulated electricity market systems
CO2	To analyze typical issues in electricity
	markets
CO3	To analyze various types of electricitymarket operational and control issues
	using new mathematical models.
CO4	Understand trading and Congestionmanagement in deregulated power
	system
CO5	Understand ancillary services and Technical, economic & regulatory
	issues involved in deregulated powersystem

# COURSE CONTENT (SYLLABUS)

#### UNIT -I:

Need and conditions for deregulation. Introduction of Market structure, Market Architecture, Spot market, forward markets and settlements. Review of Concepts: marginal cost of generation, least- cost operation, incremental cost of generation. Power System Operation.

# **Self-Learning Topics: Compilation and Interpretation**

#### UNIT-II:

Electricity sector structures and Ownership /management, the forms of Ownership and management. Different structure model like Monopoly model, Purchasing agency model, wholesale competition model, Retail competition model.

# Self-Learning Topics: Power sector structure

#### UNIT-III:

Framework and methods for the analysis of Bilateral and pool markets, LMP based markets, auction models and price formation, price based unit commitment, country practices **Self-Learning Topics: Power System Market structure** 

#### UNIT-IV:

Transmission network and market power. Power wheeling transactions and marginal costing, transmission costing. Congestion management methods- market splitting, counter-trading; Effect of congestion on LMPs- country practices

# Self-Learning Topics: Power Transmission Network

#### UNIT-V:

Ancillary Services and System Security in Deregulation. Classifications and definitions, AS management in various markets- country practices. Technical, economic, & regulatory issues involved in the deregulation of the power industry.

## Self-Learning Topics: Power system deregulation

#### **TEXTBOOKS:**

1. Power System Economics: Designing markets for electricity - S. Stoft, wiley.

2. Operation of restructured power systems - K. Bhattacharya, M.H.J. Bollen and J.E. Daalder, Springer.

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1. Power generation, operation and control, -J. Wood and B. F. Wollenberg, Wiley.

2. Market operations in electric power systems - M. Shahidehpour, H. Yaminand Z. Li, Wiley.

3. Fundamentals of power system economics - S. Kirschen and G. Strbac, Wiley.

4.Optimization principles: Practical Applications to the Operation and Markets of the Electric Power Industry - N. S. Rau, IEEE Press series on Power Engineeirng.

5. Competition and Choice in Electricity - Sally Hunt and Graham Shuttleworth

#### **ONLINE RESOURCES:**

1. https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/108/101/108101005/

# HVDC TRANSMISSION I M.TECH- I SEMESTER

Course Title: Power System Deregulation	Course Code: 2456PE02.1
Teaching Scheme (L:T:P): 3:0:0	Credits: 3
Type of Course: Lecture	
Continuous Internal Evaluation: 25 Marks	Semester End Exam: 75 Marks
Pre requisites: power electronic	

# **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- 1. To learn various schemes of HVDC transmission.
- 2. To learn about the basic HVDC transmission equipment.
- 3. To learn the control of HVDC systems.
- 4. To be exposed to the interaction between HVAC and HVDC system.
- 5. To be exposed to the various protection schemes of HVDC engineering.

# **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

CO#	Course Outcomes
CO1	Understand the various schemes of HVDC transmission
CO2	Understand the basic HVDC transmission equipment.
CO3	Understand the control of HVDC systems.
CO4	Understand the interaction between HVAC and HVDC system.
CO5	Understand the various protection schemes of HVDC engineering.

# COURSE CONTENT (SYLLABUS)

#### UNIT -I:

**Limitation of EHV AC Transmission, Advantages of HVDC:** Technical economical and reliability aspects. HVDC Transmission: General considerations, Power Handling Capabilities of HVDC Lines, Basic Conversion principles, static converter configuration. Types of HVDC links- Apparatus and its purpose.

## Self-Learning Topics: Basic Conversion principles

#### UNIT-II:

**Static Power Converters:** 6-pulse bridge circuit and 12-pulse converters, converter station and Terminal equipment, commutation process, Rectifier and inverter operation, equivalent circuit for converter – special features of converter transformers. Comparison of the performance of diametrical connection with 6-pulse bridge circuit

## Self-Learning Topics: Rectifier and inverter operation

#### UNIT-III:

**Control of HVDC Converters and Systems:** constant current, constant extinction angle and constant Ignition angle control. Individual phase control and equidistant firing angle control, DC power flow control. Factors responsible for generation of Harmonics voltage and current, harmonics effect of variation of  $\alpha$  and  $\mu$ . Filters, Harmonic elimination.

# Self-Learning Topics: constant current, constant extinction angle and constant Ignition angle control

#### UNIT-IV:

**Interaction between HV AC and DC systems** – Voltage interaction, Harmonic instability problems and DC power modulation. Development of DC circuit Breakers, Multi-terminal DC linksand systems; series, parallel and series parallel systems, their operation and control. **Self-Learning Topics: Development of DC circuit Breakers** 

#### UNIT-V:

**Transient over voltages in HV DC systems:** Over voltages due to disturbances on DC side, over voltages due to DC and AC side line faults. Converter faults and protection in HVDC Systems: Converter faults, over current protection - valve group, and DC line protection, circuit breakers. Over voltage protection of converters, surge arresters.

## Self-Learning Topics: Converter faults, over current protection

#### **TEXTBOOKS:**

1.S Kamakshaih and V Kamaraju: HVDC Transmission- MG hill.

2.K.R.Padiyar : High Voltage Direct current Transmission, Wiley Eastern Ltd., NewDelhi – 1992.

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1.E.W. Kimbark : Direct current Transmission, Wiley Inter Science – New York.2.J.Arillaga : H.V.D.C.Transmission Peter Peregrinus Itd., London UK 1983

3.Vijay K Sood: HVDC and FACTS controllers: Applications of static converters inpower systemsby, Kluwer Academic Press.

#### **ONLINE RESOURCES:**

1.https://testbook.com/electrical-engineering/hvdc-transmission

2. https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/108/104/108104013

3. https://www.slideshare.net/slideshow/hvdc-transmission-77363658/77363658

4.https://www.tutorialspoint.com/difference-between-hvac-and-hvdc-transmission-systems

#### DIGITAL POWER SYSTEMS PROTECTION I M.TECH- I SEMESTER

Course Title: Power System Deregulation	Course Code: 2456PE02.2	
Teaching Scheme (L:T:P): 3:0:0	Credits: 3	
Type of Course: Lecture		
Continuous Internal Evaluation: 25 Marks	Semester End Exam: 75 Marks	
Pre requisites: power electronics, switch gear protection		

## **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- 1. To learn about classification and operation of static relays.
- 2. To understand the basic principles and application of comparators.
- 3. To learn about static version of different types if relays.
- 4. To understand about numerical protection techniques.

# **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

CO#	Course Outcomes
CO1	Know the classifications and applications of static relays.
CO2	Understand the application of comparators.
CO3	Understand the static version of different types of relays.
CO4	Understand the numerical protection techniques.
CO5	Know the classifications and applications of static relays.

# COURSE CONTENT (SYLLABUS)

#### UNIT -I:

**Static Relays classification and Tools :** Comparison of Static with Electromagnetic Relays, Basic classification, Level detectors and Amplitude and phase Comparators – Duality – Basic Tools – Schmitt Trigger Circuit, Multivibrators, Square wave Generation – Polarity detector – Zero crossing detector – Thyristor and UJT Triggering Circuits. Phase sequence Filters – Speed and reliability of static relays.

#### Self-Learning Topics: Multivibrators, Square wave Generation

#### UNIT-II:

**Amplitude and Phase Comparators (2 Input) :** Generalized equations for Amplitude and Phase comparison – Derivation of different characteristics of relays – Rectifier Bridge circulating and opposed voltage type amplitude comparators – Averaging & phase splitting type amplitude comparators – Principle of sampling comparators.

**Phase Comparison :** Block Spike and phase Splitting Techniques – Transistor Integrating type, phase comparison, Rectifier Bridge Type Comparison – Vector product devices. **Self-Learning Topics: Derivation of different characteristics of relays** 

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#### UNIT-III:

**Static over current (OC) relays** – Instantaneous, Definite time, Inverse time OC Relays, static distance relays, static directional relays, static differential relays, measurement of sequence impedances in distance relays, multi input comparators, elliptic & hyperbolic characteristics, switched distance schemes, Impedance characteristics during Faults and Power Swings.

# Self-Learning Topics: Instantaneous, Definite time, Inverse time OC Relays

# UNIT-IV:

**PILOT Relaying schemes:** Wire pilot protection: circulating current scheme – balanced voltage scheme – translay scheme – half wave comparison scheme - carrier current protection: phase comparison type – carrier aided distance protection – operational comparison of transfer trip and blocking schemes – optical fiber channels.

Self-Learning Topics: Wire pilot protection: circulating current scheme

## UNIT-V:

**Microprocessor based relays and Numerical Protection:** Introduction – over current relays–impedance relay – directional relay – reactance relay. Numerical Protection: Introduction - numerical relay - numerical relaying algorithms - mann- morrison technique - Differential equation technique and discrete fourier transform technique - numerical over current protection - numerical distance protection.

Self-Learning Topics: numerical relay

#### **TEXTBOOKS:**

1. Power System Protection with Static Relays – by TSM Rao, TMH.

2. Power system protection & switchgear by Badri Ram & D N viswakarma, TMH.

# **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1. Protective Relaying Vol-II Warrington, Springer.

2. Art & Science of Protective Relaying - C R Mason, Willey.

3. Power System Stability KimbarkVol-II, Willey.

4. Electrical Power System Protection -C. Christopoulos and A. Wright- Springer

5.Protection & Switchgear –BhaveshBhalaja, R.PMaheshwari, NileshG.Chothani-Oxfordpublisher

# **ONLINE RESOURCES:**

1. https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/108/105/108105167/

# POWER SYSTEM RELIABILITY I M.TECH- I SEMESTER

Course Title: Power System Reliability	Course Code: 2456PE02.3	
Teaching Scheme (L:T:P): 3:0:0	Credits: 3	
Type of Course: Lecture		
Continuous Internal Evaluation: 25 Marks	Semester End Exam: 75 Marks	
Pre requisites: probability, power generation and networks		

# **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

1.To get the basic understanding of network modelling and reliability.

2. To get the basic understanding of Markov chains.

3.To get the basic understanding of Reliability analysis of generation systems.

4.To get the basic understanding of Decomposition techniques.

# **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

CO#	Course Outcomes
CO1	Understand reliability analysis applied to power systems.
CO2	Understand Markov Chains and application to power systems.
CO3	Perform stability analysis of generation systems.
CO4	Understand decomposition techniquesapplied to power system.
CO5	Understand reliability analysis applied to power systems.

# COURSE CONTENT (SYLLABUS)

# UNIT -I:

Basic probability theory – rules for combining probabilities of events – Bernoulli`s trials – probability density and distribution functions – binomial- distributions – expected value and standard deviation of binomial distribution.

#### Self-Learning Topics: Probability Concepts

#### UNIT-II:

Network Modelling and Reliability Analysis of Series, Parallel, Series-Parallel networks – complexnetworks – decomposition method Reliability functions F(t), R(t), h(t) and their relationship – exponential distributions – Expected value and standard deviation of exponential distribution – Bath tub curve – reliability analysis of series parallel networks using exponential distribution – reliability measures MTTF, MTTR, MTBF **Self-Learning Topics: Series Parallel Networks** 

#### UNIT-III:

Markov chains – concept of stochastic transitional probability Matrix, Evaluation of limiting state Probabilities – Markov processes one component repairable system – time dependent probability evaluation using Laplace transform approach – evaluation of limiting state probabilities using STPM – two component repairable models – Frequency and duration concept – Evaluation of frequency of encountering state, mean cycle time, for one, two component repairable models – evaluation of cumulative probability and cumulative frequency of encountering merged states

#### Self-Learning Topics: Concept of stochastic transitional probability

#### UNIT-IV:

Generation system reliability analysis – reliability model of a generation system – recursive relation for unit addition and removal – load modelling – merging of generation load model – evaluation of transition rates for merged state model – cumulative Probability, cumulative frequency of failure evaluation – LOLP, LOLE.

# Self-Learning Topics: Generation system

#### UNIT-V:

Composite system reliability analysis decomposition method – distribution system reliability analysis – radial networks – weather effects on transmission lines – Evaluation of load and energy indices.

# Self-Learning Topics: Radial networks

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1. Reliability Evaluation of Engg. System R.Billinton, R.N.Allan, Plenum Press, New York.
- 2. Reliability Modeling in Electric Power Systems J. Endrenyi, John Wiley, 1978, Neewyork.
- 3. An Introduction to Realiability and Maintainability Engineering. Sharies E Ebeling, TATAMcGraw Hill Edition.

#### **ONLINE RESOURCES:**

- 1. https://www.intechopen.com/chapters/57936
- 2. https://link.springer.com/chapter/10.1007/978-1-84996-232-2\_8

#### POWER SYSTEM SIMULATIONLABORATORY – I I M.TECH- I SEMESTER

Course Title: Power System Simulation	Course Code: 2456PC03
laboratory – I	
Teaching Scheme (L:T:P): 0:0:4	Credits: 2
Type of Course: Practical	Total Contact Periods:
Continuous Internal Evaluation: 25 Marks	Semester End Exam: 75 Marks
Pre requisites:	

## **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- 1 .To understand the modeling of different transmission lines
- 2 .To understand the mathematical formulation of distribution system load flow
- 3. To understand the configurations of transmission lines
- 4. To understand the transients in transmission lines
- 5. To understand the formation of Z- and Y-bus matrices
- 4. To get the basic understanding of Decomposition techniques

# **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

CO#	Course Outcomes
CO1	Analyze different transmission line and parameters
CO2	Analyze Load flow analysis
CO3	Analyze Load dispatch

# COURSE CONTENT (SYLLABUS)

#### List of Experiments

- 1. Performance analysis of short and medium transmission lines.
- 2. Performance analysis of long transmission lines.
- 3. Computation of sag of transmission lines for equal and unequal heights of towers.
- 4. Distribution load flow analysis.
- 5. Computation of B- co-efficient in economic load dispatch problem.
- 6. Computation of line parameters (R, L, C) for different configuration of  $3-\phi$  symmetrical transmission lines.
- 7. Computation of line parameters (R, L, C) for different configuration of 3-øunsymmetrical transmission lines with and without transposition.
- 8. Computation reflection and refraction co-efficient of voltages and currents of transmission lineform different conditions.
- 9. Formation of Y-bus by direct inspection method.
- 10. Formations of Z-bus by building algorithm

# POWER SYSTEM LABORATORY I M.TECH- I SEMESTER

Course Title: Power System Laboratory	Course Code: 2456PC04
Teaching Scheme (L:T:P): 0:0:4	Credits: 2
Type of Course: practical	
Continuous Internal Evaluation: 25 Marks	Semester End Exam: 75 Marks
Pre requisites:	

## **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

1.To understand the experimental determination of various parameters used in power system areaand

2. to analyze the performance of transmission line with and without compensation.

## **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

CO#	Course Outcomes
CO1	Determine the sequence impedance of alternator and transformer.
CO2	Determine the transmission line parameters, voltage regulation of transmission lines without and with shunt regulation and studythe Ferranti effect.
CO3	Perform the experiment on 3-winding transformer and calculate the parameters of transformer.
CO4	Design and simulation of the power angle characteristics of a salient pole synchronous machine.
CO5	Perform the experiment on 3-single phase transformer

# COURSE CONTENT (SYLLABUS)

#### List of Experiments

- 1. Determination of Sequence Impendence of an Alternator by direct method.
- 2. Determination of Sequence impedance of an Alternator by fault Analysis.
- 3. Measurement of sequence impedance of a three phase transformer(a). By application of sequence voltage. (b). Using fault analysis.
- 4. Power angle characteristics of a salient pole Synchronous Machine.
- 5. Poly-phase connection on three single phase transformers and measurement of phase displacement.
- 6. Determination of equivalent circuit of 3-winding Transformer.
- 7. Measurement of ABCD parameters on transmission line model.
- 8. Performance of long transmission line without compensation.
- 9. Study of Ferranti effect in long transmission line.
- 10. Performance of long transmission line with shunt compensation

#### RESEARCH METHODOLOGY AND IPR I M.TECH- I SEMESTER

Course Title: Research Methodology And IPR	Course Code: 24MTMC01
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Teaching Scheme (L:T:P): 0:0:4	Credits: 2
Type of Course: Lecture	
Continuous Internal Evaluation: 25 Marks	Semester End Exam: 75 Marks
Pre requisites:	

# COURSE CONTENT (SYLLABUS)

#### UNIT-I

Meaning of research problem, Sources of research problem, Criteria Characteristics of a good research problem, Errors in selecting a research problem, Scope and objectives of research problem. Approaches of investigation of solutions for research problem, data collection, analysis, interpretation, Necessary instrumentations

## UNIT-II

Effective literature studies approaches, analysis Plagiarism, Research ethics, Effective technical writing, how to write report, Paper Developing a Research Proposal, Format of research proposal, a presentation and assessment by a review committee

## UNIT – III:

Nature of Intellectual Property: Patents, Designs, Trade and Copyright. Process of Patenting and Development: technological research, innovation, patenting, development. International Scenario: International cooperation on Intellectual Property. Procedure for grants of patents, Patenting under PCT.

#### UNIT-IV:

Patent Rights: Scope of Patent Rights. Licensing and transfer of technology. Patent information and databases. Geographical Indications.

# UNIT-V:

New Developments in IPR: Administration of Patent System. New developments in IPR; IPR of Biological Systems, Computer Software etc. Traditional knowledge Case Studies, IPR and IITs.

#### **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1.Stuart Melville and Wayne Goddard, "Research methodology: an introduction for science & engineering students""
- 2. Wayne Goddard and Stuart Melville, "Research Methodology: An Introduction"
- 3. Ranjit Kumar, 2nd Edition, "Research Methodology: A Step by Step Guide for beginners
- 4. Halbert, "Resisting Intellectual Property", Taylor & Francis Ltd, 2007.
- 5. .Mayall, "Industrial Design", McGraw Hill, 1992

#### **ENGLISH FOR RESEARCH PAPER WRITING I M.TECH- I SEMESTER**

Course Title: English For Research Paper Writing	Course Code: 24MTAC01.1
Teaching Scheme (L:T:P): 2:0:0	Credits: 0
Type of Course: Lecture	
Continuous Internal Evaluation: 0	Semester End Exam: 0
Pre requisites:	

#### **Course objectives:**

- 1. Understand that how to improve your writing skills and level of readability
- 2. Learn about what to write in each section
- 3. Understand the skills needed when writing a Title Ensure the good quality of paper at very firsttime submission

# **COURSE CONTENT (SYLLABUS)**

#### Unit-1

Planning and Preparation, Word Order, breaking up long sentences, Structuring Paragraphs and Sentences, Being Concise and Removing Redundancy, Avoiding Ambiguity and Vagueness

#### Unit-2

Clarifying Who Did What, Highlighting Your Findings, Hedging and Criticizing, Paraphrasing and Plagiarism, Sections of a Paper, Abstracts. Introduction

#### Unit-3

Review of the Literature, Methods, Results, Discussion, Conclusions, The Final Check.

#### Unit-4

key skills are needed when writing a Title, key skills are needed when writing an Abstract, key skills are needed when writing an Introduction, skills needed when writing a Review of the Literature.

# Unit -5

skills are needed when writing the Methods, skills needed when writing the Results, skills are needed when writing the Discussion, skills are needed when writing the Conclusions, useful phrases, how to ensure paper is as good as it could possibly be the first- time submission

## **SUGGESTED STUDIES:**

- 1. Goldbort R (2006) Writing for Science, Yale University Press (available on Google Books)
- 2. Day R (2006) How to Write and Publish a Scientific Paper, Cambridge University Press
- 3. Highman N (1998), Handbook of Writing for the Mathematical Sciences, SIAM. Highman"sbook .
- 4. Adrian Wallwork, English for Writing Research Papers, Springer New York DordrechtHeidelberg London, 2011.

#### DISASTER MANAGEMENT I M.TECH- I SEMESTER

Course Title: Disaster Management	Course Code: 24MTAC01.2
Teaching Scheme (L:T:P): 2:0:0	Credits: 0
Type of Course: Lecture	
Continuous Internal Evaluation: 0	Semester End Exam: 0
Pre requisites:	

#### Course Objectives: -

Students will be able to:

- learn to demonstrate a critical understanding of key concepts in disaster risk reduction and humanitarian response.
- critically evaluate disaster risk reduction and humanitarian response policy and practice from multiple perspectives.
- develop an understanding of standards of humanitarian response and practical relevance in specific types of disasters and conflict situations.
- critically understand the strengths and weaknesses of disaster management approaches, planning and programming in different countries, particularly their home country or the countries they work in.

# COURSE CONTENT (SYLLABUS)

#### **Unit-1:Introduction, Disaster:**

Definition, Factors And Significance; Difference Between Hazard And Disaster; Natural And Manmade Disasters: Difference, Nature, Types And Magnitude.

#### **Unit-2:Repercussions Of Disasters and Hazards:**

Economic Damage, Loss of Human and Animal Life, Destruction Of Ecosystem. Natural Disasters: Earthquakes, Volcanisms, Cyclones, Tsunamis, Floods, Droughts And Famines, Landslides And Avalanches, Man- made disaster: Nuclear Reactor Meltdown, Industrial Accidents, Oil Slicks And Spills, Outbreaks Of Disease And Epidemics, War And Conflicts.

#### Unit-3:Disaster Prone Areas In India Study Of Seismic Zones:

Areas Prone To Floods And Droughts, Landslides And Avalanches; Areas Prone To Cyclonic And Coastal Hazards With Special Reference To Tsunami; Post-Disaster Diseases And Epidemics .

#### **Unit-4:Disaster Preparedness and Management Preparedness:**

Monitoring Of Phenomena Triggering A Disaster Or Hazard; Evaluation Of Risk: Application Of Remote Sensing, Data From Meteorological And Other Agencies, Media Reports: Governmental And Community Preparedness.

#### Unit-5 :Risk Assessment & Disaster Mitigation

Disaster Risk: Concept And Elements, Disaster Risk Reduction, Global And National Disaster Risk Situation. Techniques Of Risk Assessment, Global Co-Operation In Risk Assessment And Warning, People's Participation In Risk Assessment. Strategies for Survival. Meaning, Concept and Strategies of Disaster Mitigation, Emerging Trends In Mitigation. Structural Mitigation and Non-Structural Mitigation, Programs of Disaster Mitigation In India.

#### **References:**

1.R. Nishith, Singh AK, "Disaster Management in India: Perspectives, issues and strategies "New Royal book Company.

2.Sahni, PardeepEt.Al. (Eds.)," Disaster Mitigation Experiences And Reflections", Prentice Hall Of India, New Delhi.

3.Goel S. L., Disaster Administration And Management Text And Case Studies", Deep &Deep Publication Pvt. Ltd., New Delhi.
## POWER SYSTEM DYNAMICS AND STABILITY I M.TECH- II SEMESTER

Course Title: Power System Dynamics	Course Code: 2456PC05
And Stability	
Teaching Scheme (L:T:P): 3:0:0	Credits: 3
Type of Course: Lecture	
Continuous Internal Evaluation: 25 Marks	Semester End Exam: 75 Marks
Pre requisites: steady state and transient stabilities	

## **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- 1. To study the model of synchronous machines.
- 2. To study the stability studies of synchronous machines.
- 3. To study the solution method of transient stability.
- 4. To study the effect of different excitation systems.

## **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

CO#	Course Outcomes
CO1	Determine the models of synchronous machines
CO2	Know the stability studies of synchronous machines
CO3	Get the knowledge of solution methods of transient stability
CO4	To know Effect of governor action and excite on power system stability
CO5	Know the effect of different excitations systems in power systems

## COURSE CONTENT (SYLLABUS)

## UNIT-I

System Dynamics: Synchronous machine model in state space from computer representation for excitation and governor system –modelling of loads and induction machines.

## Self-Learning Topics: Rotating magnetic fields

## UNIT-II

Steady state stability – steady state stability limit – Dynamics Stability limit – Dynamic stabilityanalysis – State space representation of synchronous machine connected to infinite bustime response – Stability by eigen value approach.

## Self-Learning Topics: Time response of different signals

## UNIT – III:

Digital Simulation of Transient Stability: Swing equation machine equations – Representation of loads – Alternate cycle solution method – Direct method of solution – Solution Techniques: Modified Euler method – Runge Kutta method – Concept of multi machine stability.

# Self-Learning Topics: Types of loads UNIT- IV:

Effect of governor action and excite on power system stability effect of saturation, saliency & automatic voltage regulators on stability.

## **Self-Learning Topics: Voltage Regulators**

## UNIT-V:

Excitation Systems : Rotating Self-excited Exciter with direct acting Rheostatic type voltage regulator – Rotating main and Pilot Exciters with Indirect Acting Rheostatic Type Voltage Regulator – Rotating Main Exciter, Rotating Amplifier and Static Voltage Regulator – Static excitation scheme – Brushless excitation system.

## Self-Learning Topics: Rotating Amplifier

## **TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Power System Stability by Kimbark Vol. I&II, III, Willey.

2. Power System control and stability by Anderson and Fund, IEEE Press.

## **REFERENCE BOOKS**:

Power systems stability and control by PRABHA KUNDUR, TMH.
Computer Applications to Power Systems–Glenn.W.Stagg& Ahmed.
H.El.Abiad, TMH.3.Computer Applications to Power Systems – M.A.Pai, TMH.
Power Systems Analysis & Stability – S.S. Vadhare/Khanna Publishers

4. Power Systems Analysis & Stability - S.S. VadheraKhanna Publishers

## Web References:

1. http://powerunit-ju.com/wp-content/uploads/2018/01/Power-System-Stability-and-Control-by- Prabha-Kundur.pdf

- 2. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/108106026
- 3. https://www.accessengineeringlibrary.com/content/book/9781260473544
- 4. https://digital-library.theiet.org/content/books/po/pbpo076e

## REAL TIME CONTROL OF POWERSYSTEMS I M.TECH- II SEMESTER

Course Title: Real Time Control Of Powersystems	Course Code: 2456PC06
Teaching Scheme (L:T:P): 3:0:0	Credits: 3
Type of Course: Lecture	
Continuous Internal Evaluation: 25 Marks	Semester End Exam: 75 Marks
Pre requisites: power system analysis	

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- 1. To understand the importance of state estimation in power systems.
- 2. To know the importance of security and contingency analysis.
- 3. To understand SCADA, its objectives and its importance in power systems.
- 4. To know the significance of voltage stability analysis.
- 5. To know the applications of AI to power systems problems

## **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

CO#	Course Outcomes
CO1	Understand state estimation, security and contingencyevaluation.
CO2	Understand about Supervisory control and data acquisition
CO3	Real time softwareapplication to stateestimation.
CO4	Know the Stability in Power systems
CO5	Understand application of AI in power system.

## COURSE CONTENT (SYLLABUS)

## UNIT-I

State Estimation: Different types of State Estimations, Theory of WLS state estimation, sequential and non-sequential methods to process measurements. Bad data Observability, Bad data detection, identification and elimination

## Self-Learning Topics: Power system Optimisation

#### UNIT-II

Security and Contingency Evaluation: Security concept, Security Analysis and monitoring, Contingency Analysis for Generator and line outages by iterative linear power flow method, Fast Decoupled model, and network sensitivity methods.

## **Self-Learning Topics: Types of Generators**

## UNIT – III:

Computer Control of Power Systems: Need for real time and computer control of power systems,

operating states of a power system, SCADA - Supervisory control and Data Acquisition systems implementation considerations, energy control centers, software requirements for implementing theabove functions.

## Self-Learning Topics: Operating stages of a power system

#### **UNIT-IV:**

Voltage Stability, voltage collapse, and voltage security, relation of voltage stability to rotor angle stability. Voltage stability analysis Introduction to voltage stability analysis `P-V' curves and `Q- V' curves, voltage stability in mature power systems, long-term voltage stability, power flow analysis for voltage stability, voltage stability static indices.

## Self-Learning Topics: Reference Bus, Slack Bus

#### UNIT-V:

Synchro phasor Measurement units: Introduction, Phasor representation of sinusoids, a generic PMU, GPS, Phasor measurement systems, Communication options for PMUs, Functional requirements of PMUs and PDCs, Phasors for nominal frequency signals, types of frequency excursions in power systems, DFT estimation at off nominal frequency with a nominal frequency clock.

#### Self-Learning Topics: Phasor measurement systems

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

1. John J.Grainger and William D.Stevenson, Jr. : Power System Analysis,

McGraw-Hill, 1994, International Edition

2. Allen J.Wood and Bruce F.Wollenberg : Power Generation operation and control, JohnWiley &Sons, 1984.

3.A.G.Phadka and J.S. Thorp, "Synchronized Phasor Measurements and TheirApplications", Springer, 2008

## **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1.R.N.Dhar : Computer Aided Power Systems Operation and Analysis, Tata McGraw Hill,1982

2.L.P.Singh : Advanced Power System Analysis and Dynamics, Wiley Eastern Ltd. 1986

3.PrabhaKundur : Power System Stability and Control -, McGraw Hill, 1994 4.P.D.Wasserman : 'Neural Computing : Theory and Practice' Van Nostrand – Feinhold , NewYork.

#### Web References:

1. https://ieeexplore.ieee.org/abstract/document/1451471

- 2. https://ijece.iaescore.com/index.php/IJECE/article/view/12530
- 3. https://npti.gov.in/smart-power-control
- 4. https://ieeexplore.ieee.org/document/508825

## EHVAC TRANSMISSION I M.TECH- II SEMESTER

Course Title: Ehvac Transmission	Course Code: 2456PE03.1
Teaching Scheme (L:T:P): 3:0:0	Credits: 3
Type of Course: Lecture	
Continuous Internal Evaluation: 25 Marks	Semester End Exam: 75 Marks
Pre requisites: transmission lines in power systems	

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

1. To calculate the transmission line parameters.

2. To calculate the field effects on EHV and UHV AC lines.

3. To have knowledge of corona, RI and audible noise in EHV and UHV lines.

4. To have knowledge of voltage control and compensation problems in EHV and

UHVtransmissionsystems.

## **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

CO#	Course Outcomes
CO1	Calculate the transmission line parameters.
CO2	Calculate the field effectson EHV and UHV AC lines
CO3	Determine the corona, RIand audible noise in EHVand UHV lines.
CO4	Analyse voltage control and compensation problems in EHV and UHVtransmission systems
CO5	Understand reactive powercompensation using SVC and TCR

## COURSE CONTENT (SYLLABUS)

## UNIT-I:

A.C. Transmission, line trends and preliminary aspects, standard transmission voltages-power handling capacities and line losses-mechanical aspects. Calculation of line resistance and inductance: resistance of conductors, temperature rise of conductor and current carrying capacity. Properties of bundled conductors and geometric mean radius of bundle, inductance of two conductorlines and multi conductor lines, Maxwell's coefficient matrix. Line capacitance calculation. Capacitance of two conductor line, and capacitance of multi conductor lines, potential coefficients for bundled conductor lines, sequence inductances and diagonalization.

## Self-Learning Topics: Properties of bundled conductors

## UNIT-II:

Calculation of electro static field of AC lines - Effect of high electrostatic field on biological organisms and human beings. Surface voltage Gradient on conductors, surface gradient on

two conductor bundle and cosine law, maximum surface voltage gradient of bundle with more than sub conductors, Mangolt formula.

## Self-Learning Topics: Electrostatic fields

#### UNIT – III:

Corona : Corona in EHV lines – corona loss formulae – attenuation of traveling waves due to corona– Audio noise due to corona, its generation, characteristics and limits, measurement of audio noise.

#### Self-Learning Topics: Factors effecting Carona

## **UNIT-IV:**

Power Frequency voltage control: Problems at power frequency, generalized constants, Noloadvoltage conditions and charging currents, voltage control using synchronous condenser, cascadeconnection of components: Shunt and series compensation, sub synchronous resonance in series capacitor compensated lines

#### **Self-Learning Topics: charging currents**

#### **UNIT-V:**

Reactive power compensating systems: Introduction, SVC schemes, Harmonics injected into network by TCR, design of filters for suppressing harmonics injected into the system.

#### **Self-Learning Topics: Harmonics**

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

1.Extra High Voltage AC Transmission Engineering – Rakesh Das Begamudre, WileyEasternltd., New Delhi – 1987.

2. EHV Transmission line reference book – Edison Electric Institute (GEC) 1986.

#### Web References:

- 1. https://electengmaterials.com/ehvac-transmission/#google\_vignette
- 2. https://www.e-cigre.org/publications/detail/c4-305-2012-a-review-on-ehvactransmission-line-lightning-performance.html
- 3. https://www.e-cigre.org/publications/detail/c1-302-2018-converting-regional-ehv-ac- transmission-to-hvdc.html

https://nptel.ac.in/courses/108108099

## FLEXIBLE AC TRANSMISSION SYSTEMS I M.TECH- II SEMESTER

Course Title: Flexible Ac Transmission Systems	Course Code: 2456PE03.2
Teaching Scheme (L:T:P): 3:0:0	Credits: 3
Type of Course: Lecture	
Continuous Internal Evaluation: 25 Marks	Semester End Exam: 75 Marks
Pre requisites: power systems and power electronics	

## **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- 1. To study the performance improvements of transmission system with FACTS.
- 2. To study the effect of static shunt compensation.
- 3. To study the effect of static series compensation.
- 4. To study the effect of UPFC

## **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

CO#	Course Outcomes
CO1	Know the performance improvement of transmission system with FACTS.
CO2	Get the knowledge of effect of static shunt and series compensation.
CO3	Know transfer function and dynamic performance SVC and STATCOM
CO4	Know the principle of operation and various controls of UPFC
CO5	Determine an appropriate FACTS device for different types of applications

## COURSE CONTENT (SYLLABUS)

## UNIT-I

FACTS concepts, Transmission interconnections, power flow in an AC System, loading capability limits, Dynamic stability considerations, importance of controllable parameters, basic types of FACTS controllers, benefits from FACTS controllers.

## **Self-Learning Topics: Dynamic stability**

## UNIT-II

Basic concept of voltage and current source converters, comparison of current source converters with voltage source converters.

Static shunt compensation : Objectives of shunt compensation, midpoint voltage regulation, voltage instability prevention, improvement of transient stability, Power oscillation damping, methods of controllable VAr generation, variable impedance type static VAr generation, switchingconverter type VAr generation, hybrid VAr generation.

Self-Learning Topics: voltage and current source converters

#### UNIT – III:

**SVC** and STATCOM: The regulation slope, transfer function and dynamic performance, transient stability enhancement and power oscillation damping, operating point control and summary of compensation control.

#### Self-Learning Topics: Power oscillation damping

## UNIT-IV:

Static series compensators: Concept of series capacitive compensation, improvement of transient stability, power oscillation damping, functional requirements. GTO thyristor controlled series capacitor (GSC), thyristor switched series capacitor (TSSC), and thyristor controlled series capacitor (TCSC), control schemes for GSC, TSSC and TCSC.

## Self-Learning Topics: Thyristor family devices

#### UNIT-V:

Unified Power Flow Controller: Basic operating principle, conventional transmission control capabilities, independent real and reactive power flow control, comparison of the UPFC to series compensators and phase angle regulators. Introduction to Inter line Power Flow Controller (IPFC)

#### Self-Learning Topics: real and reactive power flow control

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

1. "Understanding FACTS Devices" N.G.Hingorani and L.Guygi, IEEE Press. Indian Edition isavailable:--Standard Publications

#### **Reference Books:**

1.Sang.Y.HandJohn.A.T, "Flexible AC Transmission systems" IEEE Press (2006). 2.HVDC & FACTS Controllers: applications of static converters in power systems-Vijay K.Sood-Springer publishers

#### Web References:

- 1. https://www.siemens-energy.com/global/en/home/products-services/product-offerings/flexible-ac- transmission-systems.html
- https://www.infineon.com/cms/en/applications/industrial/powe r-transmission-and- distribution/flexible-ac-transmissionsystems-facts/
- 3. https://www.sciencedirect.com/topics/engineering/flexible-ac-transmission-systems
- 4. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/108107114

## ELECTRIC VEHICLES & DESIGN I M.TECH- II SEMESTER

Course Title: Electric Vehicles & Design	Course Code: 2456PE03.3
Teaching Scheme (L:T:P): 3:0:0	Credits: 3
Type of Course: Lecture	
Continuous Internal Evaluation: 25 Marks	Semester End Exam: 75 Marks
Pre requisites: power electronics and EV vehicles	

## **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- 1. To understand the fundamental concepts, principles, analysis and design of hybrid and electric vehicles.
- 2. To know the various aspects of hybrid and electric drive train such as their configuration, types of electric machines that can be used energy storage devices, etc.

## **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

CO#	Course Outcomes
CO1	Understand the models to describe hybrid vehicles and their performance
CO2	Understand the different possible ways of energystorage.
CO3	Understand the different strategies related to energy storage systems.
CO4	Know different batteries and other energy storage systems

## COURSE CONTENT (SYLLABUS)

## UNIT-I

**Conventional Vehicles**: Basics of vehicle performance, Vehicle power source characterization, Transmission characteristics, Mathematical models to describe vehicle performance.

## Self-Learning Topics: vehicle performance

## UNIT-II

## **Introduction To Hybrid Electric Vehicles**

History of hybrid and electric vehicles, Social and environmental importance of hybrid and electricvehicles, Impact of modern drive-trains on energy supplies.

**Hybrid Electric Drive-Trains:** Basic concept of hybrid traction, Introduction to various hybrid drive-train topologies, Power flow control in hybrid drive-train topologies, Fuel efficiency analysis

## **Self-Learning Topics: electric vehicles**

## UNIT-III

**Electric Drive-Trains:** Basic concept of electric traction, introduction to various electric drive train topologies, Power flow control in electric drive-train topologies, Fuel efficiency analysis. **Electric Propulsion Unit:** Introduction to electric components used in hybrid and electric

vehicles,Configuration and control of DC Motor drives, Configuration and control of Induction Motor drives,Configuration and control of Permanent Magnet Motor drives, Configuration and control of Switch Reluctance Motor drives, Drive system efficiency.

## Self-Learning Topics: Power grid

#### UNIT-IV

## ENERGY STORAGE

**Energy Storage**: Introduction to Energy Storage, Requirements in Hybrid and Electric Vehicles, Battery based energy storage and its analysis, Fuel Cell based energy storage and its analysis, SuperCapacitor based energy storage and its analysis, Flywheel based energy storage and its analysis, Hybridization of different energy storage devices.

**Sizing the drive system:** Matching the electric machine and the internal combustion engine (ICE), Sizing the propulsion motor, Sizing the power electronics, selecting the energy storage technology, Communications, Supporting subsystems

#### **Self-Learning Topics: power electronics**

#### UNIT-V

**Energy Management Strategies:** Introduction to energy management strategies used in hybrid andElectric vehicles, Classification of different energy management strategies, Comparison of different energyManagement strategies, Implementation issues of energy management strategies.

**Case Studies:** Design of a Hybrid Electric Vehicle (HEV), Design of a Battery Electric Vehicle (BEV).

## **Self-Learning Topics: power generation**

## **TEXT BOOKS:**

1. C. Mi, M. A. Masrur and D. W. Gao, "Hybrid Electric Vehicles: Principles and Applications with

Practical Perspectives", John Wiley & Sons, 2011.

2. S. Onori, L. Serrao and G. Rizzoni, "Hybrid Electric Vehicles: Energy Management Strategies",

Springer, 2015.

#### **REFERENCES:**

1. M. Ehsani, Y. Gao, S. E. Gay and A. Emadi, "Modern Electric, Hybrid Electric, and FuelCell

Vehicles: Fundamentals, Theory, and Design", CRC Press, 2004.

2.T. Denton, "Electric and Hybrid Vehicles", Routledge, 2016.

#### Web Resources:

(PDF) Control of Renewable Energy Systems (researchgate.net)

#### GENERATION AND MEASUREMENT OF HIGH VOLTAGES I M.TECH- II SEMESTER

Course Title: Generation And Measurement Of	Course Code: 2456PE04.1
High Voltages	
Teaching Scheme (L:T:P): 3:0:0	Credits: 3
Type of Course: Lecture	
Continuous Internal Evaluation: 25 Marks	Semester End Exam: 75 Marks
Pre requisites: power electronics and ac voltages	

## **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

1. To study the numerical methods for analyzing electrostatic field problems.

2.To study the fundamental principles of generation of high voltage for testing.

3. To study the methods for measurement of high AC, DC and transient voltages.

4. To Study the measurement techniques for high AC, DC and impulse currents.

## **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

CO#	Course Outcomes
CO1	Understand numerical computation of electrostatic problems.
CO2	Understand the techniques of generation of high AC, DCand transient voltages
CO3	Know the Generation of ImpulseVoltages
CO4	Measure high AC, DC andtransient voltages.
CO5	Measurement of Impulse Voltages, Impulse Currents

## COURSE CONTENT (SYLLABUS)

## UNIT-I

**Electrostatic fields and field stress control** : Electric fields in homogeneous Isotropic materialsand in multi dielectric media-Simple configurations-field stress control. Methods of computing electrostatic fields-conductive analogues-Impedance networks Numerical techniques-finite difference method-finite element method and charge simulation method. **Self-Learning Topics: Electric fields** 

## UNIT-II

## **Generation of High AC & DC Voltages:**

Direct Voltages : AC to DC conversion methods, electrostatic generators, Cascaded Voltage Multipliers.

Alternating Voltages : Cascading transformers-Resonant circuits and their applications, Teslacoil.

## Self-Learning Topics: AC to DC conversion methods

## UNIT – III:

## **Generation of Impulse Voltages :**

Impulse voltage specifications-Impulse generation circuits-Operation, construction and design of Impulse generators-Generation of switching and long duration impulses.

Impulse Currents: Generation of high impulse currents and high current pulses. **Self-Learning Topics: Impulse Currents** 

#### **UNIT-IV:**

#### Measurement of High AC & DC Voltages :

Measurement of High D.C. Voltages : Series resistance meters, voltage dividers and generatingvoltmeters.

Measurement of High A.C. Voltages : Series impedance meters electrostatic voltmeters potentialtransformers and CVTS-voltage dividers and their applications.

## Self-Learning Topics: Series resistance meters

#### UNIT-V:

#### Measurement of Peak Voltages :

Sphere gaps, uniform field gaps, rod gaps. Chubb-Fortesque method, passive and active rectifier circuits for voltage dividers.

Measurement of Impulse Voltages: Voltage dividers and impulse measuring systemsgeneralized voltage measuring circuits-transfer characteristics of measuring circuits-L.V. Arms for voltage dividers-compensated dividers.

Measurement of Impulse Currents: Resistive shunts-current transformers-Hall Generators and Faraday generators and their applications-Impulse Oscilloscopes.

#### Self-Learning Topics: Compensated dividers

#### **TEXT BOOKS:**

1.High Voltage Engineering – by E.Kuffel and W.S.Zaengl. Pergaman press Oxford, 1984. 2.High Voltage Engineering – by M.S.Naidu and V.Kamaraju, Mc.Graw-Hill Books Co.,NewDelhi, 2<sup>nd</sup> edition, 1995.

#### **Reference Books:**

1. High Voltage Technology – LL Alston, Oxford University Press 1968.

2. High Voltage Measuring Techniques – A. Schwab MIT Press, Cambridge, USA, 1972.

3. Relevant I.S. and IEC Specifications

#### Web References:

- 1. https://uom.lk/sites/default/files/elect/files/HV\_Chap6.pdf
- 2. https://www.sciencedirect.com/science/article/abs/pii/S1386276699800061
- 3. https://archive.nptel.ac.in/courses/108/104/108104048/
- 4. https://biet.ac.in/pdfs/IV-HVE.pdf

## EVOLUTIONARY ALGORITHMS AND APPLICATIONS I M.TECH- II SEMESTER

Course Title: Evolutionary Algorithms And	Course Code: 2456PE04.2	
Applications		
Teaching Scheme (L:T:P): 3:0:0	Credits: 3	
Type of Course: Lecture		
Continuous Internal Evaluation: 25 MarksSemester End Exam: 75 Marks		
Pre requisites: optimization techniques		

## **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- 1. To distinguish between conventional optimization algorithms and evolutionary optimizationalgorithms.
- 2. To apply genetic algorithm and particle swarm optimization algorithm to power systemoptimization problems.
- 3. To analyse and apply Ant colony optimization algorithm and artificial Bee colony algorithm tooptimize the control parameters. /power system optimization problems.
- 4. To apply shuffled frog leaping algorithm and bat optimization algorithm to power system optimization problem.
- 5. To apply multi-objective optimization algorithm to power system multi-objective problems.

CO#	Course Outcomes
CO1	State and formulate the optimization problem without and with constraints, by
	using design variables from an engineering design problem
CO2	Apply classical optimization techniques to minimize or maximize a multi-variable
	objective function, without or withconstraints, and arrive at an optimal solution
CO3	Formulate a mathematical model and apply linear programming technique by using
	Simplex method. Also extend the conceptof dual Simplex method for optimal
	solutions.
CO4	Apply gradient and non-gradient methods to nonlinear optimization problems and
	use interior or exterior penalty functions for the constraints to derive the optimal
	solutions
CO5	Apply Genetic algorithms for simple electrical problems and able to solve practical
	problems using PSO

## **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

## COURSE CONTENT (SYLLABUS)

## **UNIT-I:** Fundamentals of Soft Computing Techniques

Definition-Classification of optimization problems- Unconstrained and Constrained optimization Optimality conditions- Introduction to intelligent systems- Soft computing techniques- Conventional Computing versus Swarm Computing - Classification of meta-heuristic techniques - Single solution based and population based algorithms – Exploitation and exploration in population based algorithms -Properties of Swarm intelligent Systems - Application domain - Discrete and continuous problems - Singleobjective and multi-objective

## problems. Self-Learning Topics: Power system optimization

## UNIT-II:Genetic Algorithm and Particle Swarm Optimization

Genetic algorithms- Genetic Algorithm versus Conventional Optimization Techniques -Genetic representations and selection mechanisms; Genetic operators- different types of crossover and mutation operators -Bird flocking and Fish Schooling – anatomy of a particleequations based on velocity and positions -PSO topologies - control parameters – GA and PSO algorithms for solving ELD problem without loss, Selective Harmonic Elimination in inverters and PI controller tuning.

## Self-Learning Topics: Genetic operators

## UNIT – III: Ant Colony Optimization and Artificial Bee Colony Algorithms

Biological ant colony system - Artificial ants and assumptions - Stigmergic communications - Pheromone updating- local-global - Pheromone evaporation - ant colony system- ACO models-Touring ant colony system-max min ant system - Concept of Elitist Ants-Task partitioning in honeybees - Balancing foragers and receivers - Artificial bee colony (ABC) algorithms-binary ABC algorithms – ACO and ABC algorithms for solving Economic Dispatch without loss and PI controllertuning.

## Self-Learning Topics: Stigmergic communications

## UNIT- IV:Shuffled Frog-Leaping Algorithm and Bat Optimization Algorithm

Bat Algorithm- Echolocation of bats- Behaviour of microbats- Acoustics of Echolocation-Movement of Virtual Bats- Loudness and Pulse Emission- Shuffled frog algorithm-virtual population of frogs comparison of memes and genes -memeplex formation- memeplex updation - BA and SFLA algorithms for solving ELD without loss and PI controller tuning. **Self-Learning Topics: Echolocation of bats** 

## UNIT-V:Multi Objective Optimization

Multi-Objective optimization Introduction- Concept of Pareto optimality - Non-dominant sorting technique-Pareto fronts-best compromise solution-min-max method-NSGA-II algorithm and application togeneral two objective optimization problem.

## Self-Learning Topics: Optimization Techniques

## **TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Xin-She Yang, "Recent Advances in Swarm Intelligence and Evolutionary Computation", Springer International Publishing, Switzerland, 2015.
- 2. Kalyanmoy Deb "Multi-Objective Optimization using Evolutionary Algorithms", JohnWiley &Sons, 2001.
- 3. James Kennedy and Russel E Eberheart, "Swarm Intelligence", The Morgan KaufmannSeries inEvolutionary Computation, 2001.

## **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1. Eric Bonabeau, Marco Dorigo and Guy Theraulaz, "Swarm Intelligence-From natural toArtificialSystems", Oxford university Press, 1999.

- 2. David Goldberg, "Genetic Algorithms in Search, Optimization and Machine Learning",PearsonEducation, 2007.
- 3. Konstantinos E. Parsopoulos and Michael N. Vrahatis, "Particle Swarm Optimization andIntelligence: Advances and Applications", InformatIonscIence reference, IGI Global, ,2010.
- 4. N P Padhy, "Artificial Intelligence and Intelligent Systems", Oxford University Press, 2005.

## WEB REFERENCES:

- 1. https://www.worldscientific.com/doi/10.1142/9781848166820\_0006
- 2. https://iwaponline.com/h2open/article/3/1/135/74697/Evolutionaryalgorithms-swarm-intelligence-methods
- 3. https://link.springer.com/book/10.1007/978-3-662-03423-1
- 4. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/112103301

## PROGRAMMABLE LOGIC CONTROLLERS & APPLICATIONS I M.TECH- II SEMESTER

Course Title: Programmable Logic Controllers & Applications	Course Code: 2456PE04.3
Teaching Scheme (L:T:P): 3:0:0	Credits: 3
Type of Course: Lecture	
Continuous Internal Evaluation: 25 Marks Semester End Exam: 75 Marks	
Pre requisites: basics in mpmc and switch theory and logic design	

## **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

1. To have knowledge on PLC.

2. To acquire the knowledge on programming of PLC.

3. To understand different PLC registers and

their description.4.To have knowledge on data

handling functions of PLC.

5. To know how to handle analog signal and converting of A/D in PLC.

## **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

CO#	Course Outcomes
CO1	Understand the PLCs and their I/O modules
CO2	Develop control algorithms to PLC using ladder logic etc
CO3	Manage PLC registers for effective utilization in different applications
CO4	Handle data functions and control of two axis and their axis robots with PLC
CO5	Design PID controller withPLC.

## COURSE CONTENT (SYLLABUS)

## **UNIT-I:PLC Basics:**

PLC system, I/O modules and interfacing, CPU processor, programming equipment, programmingformats, construction of PLC ladder diagrams, devices connected to I/O modules. **Self-Learning Topics: digital electronics** 

## **UNIT-II:PLC Programming:**

Input instructions, outputs, operational procedures, programming examples using contacts and coils. Drill press operation. Digital logic gates, programming in the Boolean algebra system, conversion examples. Ladder diagrams for process control: Ladder diagrams and sequence listings, ladder diagram construction and flow chart for spray process system.

## **Self-Learning Topics: Digital logic gates**

## UNIT – III:PLC Registers:

Characteristics of Registers, module addressing, holding registers, input registers, output registers. PLC Functions: Timer functions and Industrial applications, counters, counter

Avanthi Institute of Engineering and Technology, Makavarapalem (A)

function industrial applications, Arithmetic functions, Number comparison functions, number conversion functions.

## **Self-Learning Topics: relay logic**

## **UNIT- IV:Data Handling functions:**

SKIP, Master control Relay, Jump, Move, FIFO, FAL, ONS, CLR and Sweep functions and their applications. Bit Pattern and changing a bit shift register, sequence functions and applications, controlling of two axis and three axis Robots with PLC, Matrix functions **Self-Learning Topics: Master control Relay** 

## **UNIT-V:Analog PLC operation:**

Analog modules and systems, Analog signal processing, multi bit data processing, analog output application examples, PID principles, position indicator with PID control, PID modules, PID tuning, PID functions.

## **Self-Learning Topics: PID principles**

## **TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Xin-She Yang, "Recent Advances in Swarm Intelligence and Evolutionary

Computation", Springer International Publishing, Switzerland, 2015.

2. Kalyanmoy Deb "Multi-Objective Optimization using Evolutionary Algorithms", John Wiley & Sons, 2001.

3. James Kennedy and Russel E Eberheart, "Swarm Intelligence", The Morgan Kaufmann Series inEvolutionary Computation, 2001.

## **REFERENCE BOOKS:**

1.Introduction to Programmable Logic Controllers- Gary Dunning-Cengage Learning. 2.Programmable Logic Controllers –W.Bolton-Elsevier publisher

## Web References:

 $1.\ https://www.gbctechtraining.com/blog/world-plcs-closer-you-think-plc applications-our-everyday-lives$ 

- 2. https://tulip.co/blog/programmable-logic-controller-what-is-a-plc/
- 3. https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Programmable\_logic\_controller
- 4. https://nptel.ac.in/courses/108105088

## POWER SYSTEM SIMULATION LABORATORY-II I M.TECH- II SEMESTER

Course Title: Power System Simulation Laboratory-II	Course Code: 2456PC07
Teaching Scheme (L:T:P): 0:0:4	Credits: 2
Type of Course: Practical	
Continuous Internal Evaluation: 25 Marks	Semester End Exam: 75 Marks
Pre requisites:	

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

The student should understand the modelling of various aspects of Power System analysis and develop the MATLAB programming.

#### **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

CO#	Course Outcomes
CO1	The student should analyze load flow solution obtained using GS and NR
	methods
CO2	The student should analyze symmetrical and unsymmetrical faults
CO3	The student should analyze Transient stability and load frequency deviation in
	single and two area systems

## COURSE CONTENT (SYLLABUS)

#### List of Experiments

- 1.Load Flow Solution Using Gauss Siedel Method
- 2.Load Flow Solution Using Newton Raphson Method
- 3.Load Flow Solution Using Decoupled Method
- 4.Symmetrical Fault analysis using Z-bus
- 5.Unsymmetrical Fault analysis using Z-bus
- 6.Economic Load Dispatch with & without transmission losses
- 7. Transient Stability Analysis using modified Euler's method.
- 8. Transient Stability Analysis using modified R-K method.
- 9. Transient Stability Analysis Using Point By Point Method

10.Load Frequency Control of Single Area Control & Two Area Control system with and without controllers.

#### **Exercise Problems**

- 1. Determination of Load Flow Solution of an Alternator.
- 2. Fault analysis on Alternator
- 3. Measurement of Economic Load Dispatch on transmission line model
- 4. Determination of Transient Stability Analysis.
- 5. Determination of Load Frequency Control of Single Area Control & Two Area Control system

#### POWER CONVERTERS LABORATORY I M.TECH- II SEMESTER

Course Title: Power Converters Laboratory	Course Code: 2456PC08
Teaching Scheme (L:T:P): 0:0:4	Credits: 2
Type of Course: Practical	
Continuous Internal Evaluation: 25 Marks	Semester End Exam: 75 Marks
Pre requisites:	

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

- 1. To expose students to operation and characteristics of power semiconductor devices and passive components, their practical application in power electronics.
- 2. To provide a practical exposure to operating principles, design and synthesis of different power electronic converters.
- 3. To introduce students to industrial control of power electronic circuits as well as safeelectrical connection and measurement practices.

## **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

CO#	Course Outcomes
CO1	Analyze and test the power semiconductor devices and their applications
CO2	Compare and contrast various power semiconductor devices according to their applications.

#### List of Experiments:

- 1. Study of DC-DC non-isolated converters such as Buck & Boost converter
- 2. Study of DC-DC Buck-Boost and Cuk converters.
- 3. Study of  $1-\phi$  dual converter.
- 4. Determination of input p.f. and harmonic factor for 1φsemi- converter and 1-φ fullconverter (Inductive load)
- 5. Study of p.f. improvement in  $1-\phi$  full-converter with symmetric and extinction angle control..
- 6. Study of 1-\$\phi\$ square wave and sinusoidal PWM inverter
- 7. Study of  $3-\phi$  inverter with 1200 and 1800mode of operation.
- 8. Study of  $3-\phi$  sinusoidal PWM inverter.
- 9. Study of 3-level NPC inverter
- 10. Study of 5-level cascaded H-bridge inverter.
- 11. Determination of input p.f. and harmonic factor for  $3-\phi$  full converter .
- 12. Determination of input p.f. and harmonic factor for  $3-\phi$  semi converter
- 13. Study the characteristics of IGBT, MOSFET & GTO"s.
- 14. Design of gate drive circuits for IGBT & MOSFET"s.

#### **Exercise Problems**

- 1. Study of DC DC Converters
- 2. Study of 1-phase Dual converter
- 3. Study of 3-level NPC Inverter
- 4. Study of 5-level cascaded H-bridge Inverter

#### MINI PROJECT WITH SEMINAR I M.TECH- IISEMESTER

Course Code: 2456PR01
Credits: 2
Semester End Exam: 70 Marks

#### **Syllabus Contents:**

The students are required to search / gather the material / information on a specific a topic comprehend it and present / discuss in the class.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

At the end of this course, students will be able to

- 1. Understand of contemporary / emerging technology for various processes and systems.
- 2. Share knowledge effectively in oral and written form and formulate documents

## CONSTITUTION OF INDIA I M.TECH- IISEMESTER

Course Title: CONSTITUTION OF INDIA	Course Code: 24MTAC02.1
Teaching Scheme (L:T:P): 2:0:0	Credits: 0
Type of Course: Lecture	
Continuous Internal Evaluation: 0	Semester End Exam: 0
Pre requisites:	

#### **COURSE OBJECTIVES:**

Students will be able to:

1. Understand the premises informing the twin themes of liberty and freedom from a civil rights perspective.

2. To address the growth of Indian opinion regarding modern Indian intellectuals" constitutional role and entitlement to civil and economic rights as well as the emergence of nationhood in the early years of Indian nationalism.

3. To address the role of socialism in India after the commencement of the Bolshevik Revolution in 1917 and its impact on the initial drafting of the Indian Constitution.

## **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

CO#	Course Outcomes
CO1	scuss the growth of the demand for civil rights in India for the bulk of Indians before
	the arrival of Gandhi in Indian politics.
CO2	Discuss the intellectual origins of the framework of argument that informed the
	conceptualization of social reforms leading to revolution in India.
CO3	s the circumstances surrounding the foundation of the Congress Socialist Party [CSP]
	under the leadership of Jawaharlal Nehru and the eventual failure of the
	proposal of direct elections through adult suffrage in the Indian Constitution.
CO4	Discuss the passage of the Hindu Code Bill of 1956.

## COURSE CONTENT (SYLLABUS)

## UNIT-I:

History of Making of the Indian Constitution: History, Drafting Committee,( Composition & Working)

## UNIT-2:

Philosophy of the Indian Constitution, Preamble Salient Features

Contours of Constitutional Rights & Duties: Fundamental Rights Right to Equality Right to Freedom. Right against Exploitation Right to Freedom of Religion Cultural and Educational Rights. Right to Constitutional Remedies Directive Principles of State Policy Fundamental Duties.

**Unit-3** Organs of Governance: Parliament Composition, Qualifications and Disqualifications Powers and Functions Executive President Governor, Council of Ministers, Judiciary, Appointment and Transfer of Judges, Qualifications Powers and Functions.

#### Unit-4

Local Administration:

District"s Administration head: Role and Importance, Municipalities: Introduction, Mayor and role of Elected Representative, CE of Municipal Corporation. Pachayati raj: Introduction, PRI: ZilaPachayat. Elected officials and their roles, CEO ZilaPachayat: Position and role. Block level: Organizational Hierarchy (Different departments), Village level: Role of Elected and Appointed officials, Importance of grass root democracy

## Unit-5

Election Commission: Role and Functioning. Chief Election Commissioner and Election Commissioners. State Election Commission: Role and Functioning. Institute and Bodies for the welfare of SC/ST/OBC and women.

#### **References:**

- 1. The Constitution of India, 1950 (Bare Act), Government Publication.
- 2. Dr. S. N. Busi, Dr. B. R. Ambedkar framing of Indian Constitution, 1st Edition, 2015.
- 3. M. P. Jain, Indian Constitution Law, 7th Edn., Lexis Nexis, 2014.
- 4. D.D. Basu, Introduction to the Constitution of India, Lexis Nexis, 2015.

#### VALUE EDUCATION I M.TECH- IISEMESTER

Course Title: Value Education	Course Code: 24MTAC02.2
Teaching Scheme (L:T:P): 2:0:0	Credits: 0
Type of Course: Lecture	
Continuous Internal Evaluation:0	Semester End Exam: 0
Pre requisites:	

## **COURSE OBJECTIVES**

- Students will be able to
- 1. Understand value of education and self- development
- 2. Imbibe good values in students
- 3. Let the should know about the importance of character

## **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

CO#	Course Outcomes
CO1	Knowledge of self-development
CO2	Learn the importance of Human values
CO3	Developing the overall personality

## COURSE CONTENT (SYLLABUS)

## **Unit-1:Values and self-development**

Social values and individual attitudes. Work ethics, Indian vision of humanism, Moral and non- moral valuation. Standards and principles, Value judgements.

## **Unit-2:Importance of cultivation of values.**

Sense of duty. Devotion, Self-reliance. Confidence, Concentration. Truthfulness, Cleanliness, Honesty, Humanity. Power of faith, National Unity, Patriotism, Love for nature ,Discipline.

## **Unit-3:Personality and Behavior Development**

Soul and Scientific attitude. Positive Thinking. Integrity and discipline. Punctuality, Love and Kindness, Avoid fault Thinking, Free from anger, Dignity of labor, Universal brotherhood and religious tolerance, True friendship, Happiness Vs suffering, love for truth, Aware of self-destructive habits, Association and Cooperation, Doing best for saving nature. Character and Competence –Holy books vs Blind faith, Self-management and Good health, Science of reincarnation, Equality, Nonviolence ,Humility, Role of Women. All religions and same message.Mind your Mind, Self-control.Honesty, Studying effectively

1 Chakroborty, S.K. "Values and Ethics for organizations Theory and practice", Oxford University Press, New Delhi



## AVANTHI INSTITUTE OF ENGINEERING AND TECHNOLOGY (Autonomous)

(Approved by A.I.C.T.E., New Delhi & Permanently Affiliated to JNTU-GV, Vizianagaram) NAAC Accredited with A+ grade Tamaram (V), Makavarapalem, Narsipatnam (RD), Anakapalle Dist, Pin-531113. <u>https://avanthienggcollege.ac.in/</u>, E-mail: principal@avanthienggcollege.ac.in

## Department of ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING

## Program: M.Tech- POWER SYSTEMS

#### **Regulation: R24**

III Semester- Course Structure

C N-	Cate	Course	C	Hours per Week							
<b>5.</b> 1N0	gory	Code	Course 11tte	L	Т	Р	Credits				
			Program Elective-V								
1	PE	R2456PE05.1	i. Energy Audit Conservation & Management	3	0	0	3				
1		R2456PE05.2	ii. Smart Grid Technologies	5	Ŭ		5				
		R2456PE05.3	iii. Power Quality And Custom Power Devices								
			Open Elective								
		R2456OE01.1	i. Industrial Safety								
2	OE	R2456OE01.2	ii. Artificial Intelligent Techniques	3	0	0	3				
		R2456OE01.3	iii. Operations Research								
3	DP	R2456DP01	Dissertation Phase-I (To Be Continued And Evaluated Next Semester)	0	0	20	10				

Category	Courses	Credits
PE-Program Elective Courses	1	3
OE- Open Elective	1	3
Total	2	6

## **Department of ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING**

## Program: M.Tech- POWER SYSTEMS

#### Regulation:R24

**IV Semester- Course Structure** 

S. No	Cate	Course	Course Title	Hours per Week								
	gory	Code	Course The	L	Т	Р	Credits					
1	DP	Dissertation	Dissertation phase-II	0	0	32	16					

III-Semester	Energy Audit Conservation& Management	CATEGORY	L-T-P 3-0-0	CREDITS 3
	(Program Elective-V)			

**Pre-requisite:** Electrical power systems and measurements.

## **Course Educational Objectives:**

- 1. To learn the basics of energy audit and energy conservation schemes.
- 2. To comprehend the principles of energy management and understand the need of energy efficient motors and lighting design practices.
- 3. To learn about power factor improvement techniques and energy instruments.
- 4. To learn about the economic aspects o\f energy equipment.

## **Course Outcomes:**

**CO1:** Understand the principle of energy audit and their economic aspects

CO2: Recommend energy efficient motors and design good lighting system.

CO3: Understand advantages to improve the power factor.

CO4: Evaluate the depreciation of equipment.

Course	Mapping with POs and PSOs												
Outcomes(COS)	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO 7	PO8	PO9	PO1 0	P011	PSO 1	DOK
CO1	3	2	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	3	2	2	L2,L4
CO2	3	3	3	-	2	2	-	-	-	2	2	3	L3,L6
CO3	3	2	2	-	-	2	-	-	-	1	1	2	L2,L3
CO4	2	2	-	-	2	-	-	-	3	2	2	2	L5

#### **SYLLABUS**

## **UNIT-1: Basic Principles of Energy Audit**

Energy audit- definitions, concept, types of audit, energy index, cost index, pie charts, Sankey diagram and load profiles, Energy conservation schemes- Energy audit of industries- energy saving potential, energy audit of process industry, thermal power station, building energy audit **CO'S-CO1** 

## **UNIT-2: Energy Management**

Principles of energy management, organizing energy management program, initiating, planning, controlling, promoting, monitoring, reporting. Energy manager, qualities and functions, language, CO'S-CO2 Questionnaire – check list for top management



## **UNIT-3: Energy Efficient Motors and Lighting**

Energy efficient motors, factors affecting efficiency, loss distribution, constructional details, characteristics – variable speed , variable duty cycle systems, RMS - voltage variation-voltage unbalanceover motoring-motor energy audit. lighting system design and practice, lighting control, lighting energy audit **CO'S-CO2** 

#### **UNIT- 4: Power Factor Improvement and energy instruments**

Power factor – methods of improvement, location of capacitors, Power factor with non-linear loads, effect of harmonics on p.f, p.f motor controllers – Energy Instruments- watt meter, data loggers, thermocouples, pyrometers, lux meters, tongue testers, application of PLC's CO'S-CO3

#### **UNIT-5: Economic Aspects and their computation**

Economics Analysis depreciation Methods, time value of money, rate of return, present worth method, replacement analysis, lifecycle costing analysis – Energy efficient motors. Calculation of simple payback method, net present value method- Power factor correction, lighting – Applications of life cycle costing analysis, return on investment. CO'S-CO4

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. Energy management by W.R.Murphy&G.Mckay Butter worth, Heinemann publications, 1982.
- 2. Energy management hand book by W.CTurner, John Wiley and sons, 1982.

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Energy efficient electric motors by John.C.Andreas, Marcel Dekker Inc Ltd-2nd edition, 1995
- 2. Energy management by Paul o' Callaghan, Mc-graw Hill Book company-1st edition, 1998
- 3. Energy management and good lighting practice : fuel efficiency- booklet12-EEO

#### 12 hours

## 12 hours

<b>III-Semester</b>	SMART GRID TECHNOLOGIES	CATEGORY	L-T-P	CREDITS
	(ELECTIVE–V)		3 -0-0	3

**Pre-requisite:** Basic knowledge on smart concept communication protocols, renewable energy

systems and electronic circuits.

## **Course Objectives:**

- 1. To understand concept of smart grid and developments on smart grid.
- 2. To understand smart grid technologies and application of smart grid concept in hybrid electric vehicles etc.
- 3. To have knowledge on smart substations, feeder automation and application for monitoring and protection.

## **Course Outcomes:**

**CO1:** Understand smart grids and analyze the smart grid policies and developments in smart grids. CO2: Develop concepts of smart grid technologies in hybrid electrical vehicles etc.

CO3: Understand smart substations, feeder automation, GIS etc.

**CO4:** Analyze micro grids and distributed generation systems.

CO5: Analyze the effect of power quality in smart grid and to understand latest developments in ICT for smart grid

Course	Mapping with POs and PSOs													
Outcomes	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	P011	PSO1	DoK	
CO1	3	3	-	-	2	3	-	-	-	2	2	3	L2,L4	
CO2	3	3	3	-	3	2	-	-	-	2	2	3	L3,L6	
CO3	3	2	-	-	3	2	-	-	-	-	1	2	L2	
CO4	3	3	2	-	2	3	-	-	-	-	2	3	L4	
CO5	3	3	-	-	3	3	-	-	-	-	2	3	L2,L4	

## **SYLLABUS**

## UNIT - 1

Introduction to Smart Grid: Evolution of Electric Grid, Concept of Smart Grid, Definitions, Need of Smart Grid, Functions of Smart Grid, Opportunities & Barriers of Smart Grid, Difference between conventional & smart grid, Concept of Resilient &Self-Healing Grid, Present development & International policies on Smart Grid. Case study of Smart Grid. CO'S-CO1

## UNIT - 2

Smart Grid Technologies: Part 1: Introduction to Smart Meters, Real Time Prizing, Smart Appliances, Automatic Meter Reading(AMR), Outage Management System(OMS), Plug in Hybrid Electric Vehicles(PHEV), Vehicle to Grid, Smart Sensors, Home & Building Automation, Phase Shifting Transformers. CO'S-CO2

## 12 hours

## UNIT - 3

Smart Grid Technologies: Part 2: Smart Substations, Substation Automation, Feeder Automation. Geographic Information System(GIS), Intelligent Electronic Devices(IED) & their application for monitoring & protection, Smart storage like Battery, SMES, Pumped Hydro, Compressed Air Energy Storage, Wide Area Measurement System(WAMS), Phase Measurement Unit(PMU). CO'S-CO3 12 hours

## UNIT - 4

Micro grids and Distributed Energy Resources: Concept of micro grid, need & applications of microgrid, formation of microgrid, Issues of interconnection, protection & control of microgrid. Plastic & Organic solar cells, Thin film solar cells, Variable speed wind generators, fuel cells, microturbines, Captive power plants, Integration of renewable energy sources. CO'S-CO4

## UNIT - 5

Power Quality Management in Smart Grid: Power Quality & EMC in Smart Grid, Power Quality issues of Grid connected Renewable Energy Sources, Power Quality Conditioners for Smart Grid, Web based Power Quality monitoring, Power Quality Audit.

Information and Communication Technology for Smart Grid: Advanced Metering Infrastructure (AMI), Home Area Network (HAN), Neighbourhood Area Network (NAN), Wide Area Network (WAN)

## **CO'S-CO5**

12 hours

## **Text Books:**

1. Ali Keyhani, Mohammad N. Marwali, Min Dai "Integration of Green and Renewable Energy in Electric Power Systems", Wiley

2. Clark W. Gellings, "The Smart Grid: Enabling Energy Efficiency and Demand Response", **CRC** Press

## **Reference Books:**

1. JanakaEkanayake, Nick Jenkins, KithsiriLiyanage, Jianzhong Wu, AkihikoYokoyama, "Smart Grid: Technology and Applications", Wiley

2. Jean Claude Sabonnadière, NouredineHadjsaïd, "Smart Grids", Wiley Blackwell 19

3. Peter S. Fox Penner, "Smart Power: Climate Changes, the Smart Grid, and the Future of Electric Utilities", Island Press; 1 edition 8 Jun 2010

4. S. Chowdhury, S. P. Chowdhury, P. Crossley, "Microgrids and Active Distribution

Networks." Institution of Engineering and Technology, 30 Jun 2009

5. Stuart Borlase, "Smart Grids (Power Engineering)", CRC Press

6. Andres Carvallo, John Cooper, "The Advanced Smart Grid: Edge Power Driving

Sustainability: 1", Artech House Publishers July 2011

L-T-P

3 -0-0

CREDITS

3

CATEGORY

1.	To understand significance of power quality and power quality parameters.
2.	To know types of transient over voltages and protection of transient voltages.
3.	To understand harmonics, their effects, harmonic indices and harmonic minimization techniques.

Pre requisite: Knowledge on electric circuit analysis, power systems and power electronics and concept

4. To understand the importance of power devices and their applications.

of reactive power compensation techniques.

**POWER QUALITY AND CUSTOM POWER** 

DEVICES (ELECTIVE-V)

5. To understand different compensation techniques to minimize power quality disturbances.

#### **Course Outcomes:**

**III-Semester** 

**Course Objectives:** 

CO1: Identify the issues related to power quality in power systems.

CO2: Address the problems of transient and long duration voltage variations in power systems

- CO3: Analyze the effects of harmonics and study of different mitigation techniques.
- CO4: Identify the importance of custom power devices and their applications.
- CO5: Acquire knowledge on different compensation techniques to minimize power quality disturbances.

	Mapping with POs and PSOs													
Course Outcomes	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	P011	PSO1	DoK	
CO1	3	2	-	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	1	2	L1,L2	
CO2	3	3	-	-	2	2	-	-	-	-	2	3	L4	
CO3	3	3	-	-	3	2	-	-	-	-	2	3	L4,L5	
CO4	2	2	-	-	2	2	-	-	-	-	1	2	L2,L3	
CO5	3	2	-	_	2	2	-	-	-	-	2	3	L2.L3	

#### SYLLABUS

#### UNIT-1: Introduction to power quality

Overview of Power Quality, Concern about the Power Quality, General Classes of Power Quality Problems, Voltage Unbalance, Waveform Distortion, Voltage fluctuation, Power Frequency Variations, Power Quality Terms, Voltage Sags, swells, flicker and Interruptions - Sources of voltage and current interruptions, Nonlinear loads. **CO'S-CO1** 

## **UNIT-2 Transient and Long Duration Voltage Variations**

Source of Transient Over Voltages - Principles of Over Voltage Protection, Devices for Over Voltage Protection, Utility Capacitor Switching Transients, Utility Lightning Protection, Load Switching

#### M.Tech(PS) (R24)

12 hours

Transient Problems.

Principles of Regulating the Voltage, Device for Voltage Regulation, Utility Voltage Regulator Application, Capacitor for Voltage Regulation, End-user Capacitor Application, Regulating Utility CO'S-CO2 Voltage with Distributed generation

## **UNIT-3 Harmonic Distortion and solutions**

Voltage vs. Current Distortion, Harmonics vs. Transients - Power System Quantities under Nonsinusoidal Conditions, Harmonic Indices, Sources of harmonics, Locating Sources of Harmonics, System Response Characteristics, Effects of Harmonic Distortion, Inter harmonics, Harmonic Solutions Harmonic Distortion Evaluation, Devices for Controlling Harmonic Distortion, Harmonic Filter Design, Standards on Harmonics **CO'S-CO3** 

## **UNIT-4 Custom Power Devices**

Custom power and custom power devices, voltage source inverters, reactive power and harmonic compensation devices, compensation of voltage interruptions and current interruptions, static series and shunt compensators, compensation in distribution systems, interaction with distribution equipment, installation considerations. **CO'S-CO4** 

## UNIT- 5 Application of custom power devices in power systems

Static and hybrid Source Transfer Switches, Solid state current limiter - Solid state breaker. P-Q theory – Control of P and Q, Dynamic Voltage Restorer (DVR): Operation and control – Interline Power Flow Controller (IPFC): Operation and control of Unified Power Quality Conditioner (UPQC); Generalized power quality conditioner. **CO'S-CO5** 

## **Text Books**:

- 1. Electrical Power Systems Quality, Dugan R C, McGranaghan M F, Santoso S, and Beaty H W, Second Edition, McGraw-Hill, 2002.
- 2. Understanding Power Quality Problems: Voltage Sags and Interruptions, Bollen M H J, First Edition, IEEE Press; 2000.
- 3. Guidebook on Custom Power Devices, Technical Report, Published by EPRI, Nov 2000
- 4. Power Quality Enhancement Using Custom Power Devices Power Electronics and Power Systems, Gerard Ledwich, ArindamGhosh, Kluwer Academic Publishers, 2002.

## **Reference Books:**

- 1. Power Quality Primer, Kennedy B W, First Edition, McGraw-Hill, 2000.
- 2. Power System Harmonics, Arrillaga J and Watson N R, Second Edition, John Wiley & Sons, 2003.
- 3. Electric Power Quality control Techniques, W. E. Kazibwe and M. H. Sendaula, Van Nostrad Reinhold, New York.

12 hours

## 12 hours

- 4. Power Quality c.shankaran, CRC Press, 2001
- Harmonics and Power Systems Franciso C.DE LA Rosa-CRC Press (Taylor & Francis).
- Power Quality in Power systems and Electrical Machines-EwaldF.fuchs, Mohammad A.S. Masoum-Elsevier
- 7. Power Quality, C. Shankaran, CRC Press, 2001
- Instantaneous Power Theory and Application to Power Conditioning, H. Akagiet.al., IEEE Press, 2007.
- 9. Custom Power Devices An Introduction, ArindamGhosh and Gerard Ledwich, Springer, 2002
- A Review of Compensating Type Custom Power Devices for Power Quality Improvement, Yash Pal et.al., Joint International Conference on Power System Technology and IEEE Power India Conference, 2008. POWERCON 2008.

III-Semester	INDUSTRIAL SAETY	CATEGORY	L-T-P	CREDITS
	(OPEN ELECTIVE)		3 -0-0	3

**Pre-requisite**: Engineering Fundamentals

#### **Course Educational Objectives:**

- 1. To learn safety aspects of any industrial area
- 2. To learn fundamentals and types of maintenance engineering
- 3. To learn causes and effects of wear and Corrosion and their prevention
- 4. To learn identification of faults and their repair
- 5. To learn preventive maintenance- periodic an preventive-maintenance of industrial systems

## **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

- **CO1:** Understand the general industrial requirements like lighting, cleanliness prevention from hazards and accidents.
- CO2: Analyze maintenance requirements of the industry and cost associated

**CO3:** Analyze wear and corrosion aspects of the industry and their prevention

CO4: Identify the faults prone areas and their repair and periodic maintenance.

		Mapping with POs and PSOs													
Course Outcomes	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO1 0	P011	PSO1	Dok		
CO1	2	2	-	-	-	3	2	2	-	-	1	2	L2		
CO2	3	3	-	2	2	2	-	-	-	2	2	3	L4.L5		
CO3	3	3	-	2	2	2	-	-	-	-	2	3	L3,L4		
CO4	3	2	2	-	2	2	-	2	2	2	2	3	L1,L3, L6		

#### **SYLLABUS**

#### **Unit-I Industrial safety**

Accident, causes, types, results and control, mechanical and electrical hazards, types, causes and steps/procedure, describe salient points of factories act 1948 for health and safety, wash preventive rooms, drinking water layouts, light, cleanliness, fire, guarding, pressure vessels, etc, Safety colour codes. Fire prevention and fire fighting, equipment and methods. **CO'S-CO1** 

## **Unit-II Fundamentals of maintenance engineering**

Definition and aim of maintenance engineering, Primary and secondary functions and responsibility of maintenance department, Types of maintenance, Types and applications of tools used for maintenance, Maintenance cost & its relation with replacement economy, Service life of equipment.

#### **CO'S-CO2**

## 12 hours

Wear- types, causes, effects, wear reduction methods, lubricants-types and applications, Lubrication methods, general sketch, working and applications, i. Screw down grease cup, ii. Pressure grease gun, iii. Splash lubrication, iv. Gravity lubrication, v. Wick feed lubrication vi. Side feed lubrication, vii. Ring lubrication, Definition, principle and factors affecting the corrosion. Types of corrosion, corrosion prevention methods. **CO'S-CO3** 

#### **Unit-IV Fault tracing**

Fault tracing-concept and importance, decision tree concept, need and applications, sequence of fault finding activities, show as decision tree, draw decision tree for problems in machine tools, hydraulic, pneumatic, automotive, thermal and electrical equipment's like, I. Any one machine tool, ii. Pump iii. Air compressor, iv. Internal combustion engine, v. Boiler, vi. Electrical motors, Types of faults in machine tools and their general causes. CO'S-CO4

#### **Unit-V Periodic and preventive maintenance**

**Unit-III Wear and Corrosion and their prevention** 

Periodic inspection-concept and need, degreasing, cleaning and repairing schemes, overhauling of mechanical components, overhauling of electrical motor, common troubles and remedies of electric motor, repair complexities and its use, definition, need, steps and advantages of preventive maintenance. Steps/procedure for periodic and preventive maintenance of:i. Machine tools, ii. Pumps, iii. Air compressors, iv. Diesel generating (DG) sets, Program and schedule of preventive maintenance of mechanical and electrical equipment, advantages of preventive maintenance. Repair cycle concept and importance **CO'S-CO4** 

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Maintenance Engineering Handbook, Higgins & Morrow, Da Information Services.
- 2. Maintenance Engineering, H. P. Garg, S. Chand and Company.
- 3. Pump-hydraulic Compressors, Audels, Mcgrew Hill Publication.
- 4. Foundation Engineering Handbook, Winterkorn, Hans, Chapman & Hall London.

## 12 hours

## 12 hours
III-Semester	ARTIFICIAL INTELLIGENT TECHNIQUES (OPEN ELECTIVE)	CATEGORY	L-T-P 3 -0-0	CREDITS 3

Pre-requisite: Fundamentals of Neural networks and Fuzzy Logic.

### **Course Educational Objectives:**

- 1. To have knowledge on concept of neural network.
- 2. To know different types of neural networks and training algorithms.
- 3. To understand the concept of genetic algorithm and its application in optimization.
- 4. To have the knowledge on fuzzy logic and design of fuzzy logic controllers.
- 5. To know the applications of AI Techniques in electrical engineering.

# **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

**CO1:** Differentiate between Algorithmic based methods and knowledge based methods

CO2: Use appropriate AI frame work for solving power system problems.

CO3: To design fuzzy logic controllers for power engineering applications

	Mapping with POs and PSOs												
Course Outcomes	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO1 0	P011	PSO1	DoK
CO1	3	3	-	-	2	-	-	-	-	-	2	2	L2,L4
CO2	3	3	2	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	L3
CO3	3	2	3	-	3	-	-	-	-	2	2	3	L6

# **SYLLABUS**

# **UNIT-1** Introduction

Artificial Neural Networks (ANN) - definition and fundamental concepts - Biological neural networks – Artificial neuron – activation functions – setting of weights – typical architectures – biases and thresholds - learning/training laws and algorithms. Perceptron - architectures, ADALINE and **CO'S-CO1** MADLINE – linear separability- XOR function.

# **UNIT-2 ANN Paradigms**

ADALINE - feed forward networks - Back Propagation algorithm- number of hidden layers gradient decent algorithm - Radial Basis Function (RBF) network. Kohonen's self organizing map (SOM), Learning Vector Quantization (LVQ) and its types - Functional Link Networks (FLN) -Bidirectional Associative Memory (BAM) – Hopfield Neural Network. **CO'S-CO1** 

# **UNIT-3 Classical and Fuzzy Sets**

Introduction to classical sets- properties, Operations and relations; Fuzzy sets, Membership, Operations, Properties, Fuzzy relations, Cardinalities, Membership functions. **CO'S-CO3** 



12 hours

12 hours

### UNIT-4 FUZZY LOGIC CONTROLLER (FLC)

Fuzzy logic system components: Fuzzification, Inference engine (development of rule base and decision making system), Defuzzification to crisp sets- Defuzzification methods. **CO'S-CO3** 

### UNIT- 5 Application of AI Techniques

Speed control of DC motors using fuzzy logic –load flow studies using back propagation algorithm, single area and two area load frequency control using fuzzy logic. CO'S-CO2

#### **Text Books:**

- 1. Introduction to Artificial Neural Systems Jacek M. Zurada, Jaico Publishing House, 1997.
- 2. Fuzzy logic with Fuzzy Applications T.J Ross McGraw Hill Inc, 1997.

#### **Reference Books:**

1. Neural Networks, Fuzzy logic, Genetic algorithms: synthesis and applications by RajasekharanandPai – PHI Publication.

- 2. Modern power Electronics and AC Drives B.K.Bose -Prentice Hall, 2002
- 3. Genetic Algorithms- David E Goldberg. Pearson publications.

4. Introduction to Neural Networks using MATLAB 6.0 by S N Sivanandam, SSumathi, S N Deepa TMGH

5. Introduction to Fuzzy Logic using MATLAB by S N Sivanandam,SSumathi,S N Deepa Springer, 2007

12 hours

12 hours

III Semester	<b>OPERATIONS RESEARCH</b>	CATEGORY	L-T-P	CREDITS
	(OPEN ELECTIVE)		3 -0-0	3

Pre -requisite: Engineering Mathematics

#### **Course Educational Objectives:**

- 1. To understand the mathematical modeling of physical systems and its solving techniques with and without constraints.
- 2. To understand the solving of LPP problem using graphical and simplex method.
- 3. To understand the Solving of non-linear programming problem.
- 4. To understand the scheduling and sequencing problem of different models with geometric programming.
- 5. To understand the Solving of LPP using dynamic programming and graph theory.

### **COURSE OUTCOMES:**

- CO1: Students should able to apply the dynamic programming to solve problems of discreet and continuous variables.
- CO2: Students should able to apply the concept of non-linear programming
- CO3: Students should able to carry out sensitivity analysis.
- CO4: Student should able to model the real world problem and simulate it

	Mapping with POs and PSOs												
Course Outcomes	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	P011	PSO1	DoK
C01	3	3	2	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	L3
CO2	3	3	2	2	3	-	-	-	-	-	2	3	L3
CO3	3	3	-	3	3	2	-	-	-	-	2	3	L4,L5
CO4	3	3	3	2	3	-	-	-	-	2	3	3	L6

# **SYLLABUS**

#### **UNIT 1:** Optimization Techniques, Model Formulation, models, General L.R Formulation, Simplex Techniques, Sensitivity Analysis, Inventory Control Models. **CO'S-CO1 UNIT 2:** 12 hour Formulation of a LPP - Graphical solution revised simplex method - duality theory - dual simplex

method- sensitivity analysis - parametric programming.

### **UNIT 3:**

Nonlinear programming problem - Kuhn-Tucker conditions min cost flow problem max flow **CO'S-CO2** problem - CPM/PERT

Avanthi Institute of Engineering and Technology (Autonomous)



# **CO'S-CO2**

### 12 hour

#### UNIT 4

12 hour

Scheduling and sequencing - single server and multiple server models - deterministic inventory models - Probabilistic inventory control models - Geometric Programming. **CO'S-CO3** 

## UNIT 5

Competitive Models, Single and Multi-channel Problems, Sequencing Models, Dynamic

Programming, Flow in Networks, Elementary Graph Theory, Game Theory Simulation CO'S-CO4

# **References:**

- 1. H.A. Taha, Operations Research, An Introduction, PHI, 2008
- 2. H.M. Wagner, Principles of Operations Research, PHI, Delhi, 1982.
- 3. J.C. Pant, Introduction to Optimization: Operations Research, Jain Brothers, Delhi, 2008
- 4. Hitler Libermann Operations Research: McGraw Hill Pub. 2009
- 5. Pannerselvam, Operations Research: Prentice Hall of India 2010
- 6. Harvey M Wagner, Principles of Operations Research: Prentice Hall of India 2010